The Millheim Journal.

VOL. LV. MILLHEIM, PA., THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1881. NO. 30.

C. T. Alexander. C. M. Bower.

ALEXANDER & BOWER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office in Garman's new building.

JOHN B. LINN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office on Allegheny Street.

CLEMENT DALE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Northwest corner of Diamond.

YOCUM & HASTINGS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
High Street, opposite First National Bank.

WM. C. HEINLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts of Centre County. Special attention to Collections. Consultations in German or English.

WILBUR F. REEDER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
All business promptly attended to. Collection of claims a speciality.

J. A. Beaver. J. W. Gephart.
BEAVER & GEPHART,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office on Allegheny Street, North of High.

W. A. MORRISON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office on Woodring's Block, Opposite Court House.

D. S. KELLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Consultations in English or German. Office in Lyon's Building, Allegheny Street.

JOHN G. LOVE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office in the rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson.

I am the Man.

On the way to Terre Haute, a traveler, with the air and appearance of a man who knew it all, approached the fat passenger, and said, in the shocked tones of a man of fine feelings:

"Wasn't it dreadful?"

"I should say it was," the fat passenger replied,

"Did you hear about it?" the traveler continued more impressive than ever.

"I saw it," the fat passenger replied, even more impressively.

There was an awkward silence of several minutes between them, and the traveler went back to his seat with a discouraged expression. Presently he came forward and approached the tall, thin passenger.

"Sir," he said, "did you know they were taking up a collect on for his family?"

"I should pause to hesitate," said the tall, thin passenger. "I headed the list with a $10 note myself."

The smart traveler's countenance dropped, but he spoke still hopefully:

"Ah, you heard of the sad circumstance, then?"

"Heard of it," exclaimed the tall, thin passenger. "I was mixed up in it all the way through.

The smart traveler sighed and once more resumed his seat. His face brightened up after awhile, and he came to the front once more, laying his hand softly on the arm of the sad passenger.

"Sir," he said, "did you know the train run over a man at the last station?"

"He was my only brother," said the sad passenger in a bashful manner. And then he bent his head forward and covered his face with his hand.

The smart traveler looked really distressed. But he rallied by-and-by, and in a last determined effort he approached the man on the wood box. Assuming an expression of the most intense horror, he said:

"Pitiful heavens! I am faint with fear and horror yet! Did you know the train struck a man on that bridge and tore him to pieces?"

The man on the wood box leaned forward, shaded his mouth with his hand, and said, in a thrilling whisper, that went hissing down the car.

"Sh! Dont give it away, but I am the man!" It seemed to be about time to close the lodge.

MR. PRIM went fishing, and on his return told some terrific lies about what he caught. Said sharp to him, "What do you want to tell such yarns as that for? Tell something possible, if not probable. Don t you know that everybody saw that you were lying?" "Yes," answered Prim. Then, what the blazes did you do it for?" "Why, I wanted them to know I was lying. I didn't want them to think I was eccentric."

"Is the weather on Mt. Washington any better or more certain than it used to be?" inquired Pingrey of a friend who spends his summers at the White Mountains. "Well, I don't know that it is," said his friend; "why do you ask?" "I heard that since they built the railroad, the tourists had a different climb it. That's all," added Pingrey, as he cut his name in big letters on the office furniture.

THE WORLD AS I FIND IT.

They say the world'd a weary place,
Where tears are never dried,
Where pleasures pass like breath on glass,
And only woes abide.
It may be so—I cannot know—
Yet this I dare to say,
My lot has had more glad than sad,
And so it has to-day.

They say that love's a cruel jest;
They tell of women's wiles—
That poison dips in pouting lips,
And death in dimpled smiles.
It may be so—I cannot know—
Yet sure of this I am,
One heart is found above the ground,
Whose love is not a sham.

They say that life's a bitter curse—
That hearts are made to ache,
That jest and song are bravely wrong,
And health a vast mistake.
It may be so—I cannot know—
But let them talk their fill;
I like my life, I love my wife,
And mean to do so still.

THE NEW DOCTOR.

"I think I will try the new doctor."

Esther Warren spoke in a faint half-pleading tone, as if she expected to meet a storm of objections, but somewhat to her surrrise, her aunt Martha said:

"I would if I were you."

"Dr. Wyck, it would seem, has tried his utmost skill for the last five years," sighed Esther, wearily, "and I get no better. It may be Dr. Dun will know of some new remedy."

"I will write to Dr. Dun now," said Miss Martha. "I will see Robert harness up to drive to the town."

It was a very brief note, merely requesting Dr. Dun to call upon Miss Warren at his earliest convenience, yet Miss Martha's pen traveled very slowly over the paper, and she kept her head to one side, lest a tear drop should mar the neat letters.

Five years before there had been no brighter, stronger maiden in all Millville than Esther warren, only child of Bates Warren, who had made an enormous for. tune in iron, and held Esther as the choicest of all this earth's treasures.

At eighteen her father was killed and she seriously crippled in a railway collision.

Her hands and arms were strong as ever, her brain clear, but her lower limbs were utterly without power.

Heiress to immense wealth she was almost a prisoner in her splendid home, subject to attacks of pain that prostrated her for days, suffering intensely.

Books, needlework and a feeble attempt at drawing helped to fill the time; but it was not easy to be patient, and Esther was not yet perfectly saint-like, although she tried to be submissive.

Dr. Dun's practice was small, and much of his time at his own control, but he was an enthusiast in his profession, and gladly took much of the old doctor's gratuitous practice off his hands.

He had come to Millville as Dr. Wyck's assistant, to take his place when he retired, but the patients of the old doctor were a little shy of the new one.

"Ah—yes!" said Dr. Wyck, reading Miss Martha's note. 'Little Essie Warren! Sad case,' and the doctor entered into a long description of the case, summing up in the words, 'Utterly hopeless! She may live for years, but she will never walk or stand.'

It seemed to Herbert Dun when he entered the beautiful room where Esther Warren spent her long waking hours, that life even with pain, must be pleasant surrounded by such luxury, and the rare exquisite beauty of Esther's face, pale, it is true, but delicately lovely, was a jewel worthy of exquisite setting.

There was a little flush upon the invalid's cheeks as the new doctor took a chair beside her, a light of hope in her large eyes that made his heart ache.

It was not long before Esther Warren under the grave professional manner, felt the power of his sympathy, and found herself expressing more freely than she had ever before spoken the hope that filled her heart, fully satisfied when Dr. Dun said:

"In a case of such long standing I cannot express an opinion at once, Miss Warren; but depend on me to give my my most earnest study and care to it."

But if Dr. Dun could not restore strength to Esther Warren's crippled body it was not long before she felt her life flooded with a new strange happiness.

The hour that the new doctor spent with her every morning gladdened the whole day.

He was not a conceited man, and Essie seemed to him like a child, so that he was blind to the fact that he was gaining the heart of the crippled heiress.

So when Martha invited him to spend some chance evenings there he went.

Essie was to him a patient; one who called on his professional skill frequently to care the most agonising suffering: and if he could also make some of her long, lonely hours any brighter he gladly contributed his liveliest talk, his best tenor songs, his most courteous manner to the service.

But he never thought she loved him until Dr. Wyck answered his application for a month's holiday.

"Spare you? Why, yes, I suppose I can get along. But I am afraid I have made a muddle of sending you to Esther Warren. Why didn't you tell me that you were engaged?

"I waited until I could offer Annie a home."

"You—you couldn't break your engagement, I suppose. You know you could have Esther Warren and her fortune for asking."

"I never thought of such a thing."

"Perhaps you had better consider it, Now, do not imagine that Essie has taken me into her confidence."

"She is as maidenly and modest as the most fastidious lover could wish," continued the old doctor; "but I have known her and loved her since she was a baby, and I can read her heart. Poor child."

His sigh was echoed by Dr. Dun.

"Will you believe me if I tell you that I never dreamed of this?" he said, earnestly. "Miss Warren seemed to me set apart by her suffering from earthly passions, and I should have as soon thought of loving a saint."

"She is very rich."

"Yes, I am glad she has every alleviation money can give her," said Dr. Dun, not appreciating the implied hint.

"And Miss Leigh; Is she wealthy?"

"My Annie? Bless you, no! But we are not afraid. I shall continue to live here for a few months, because Annie will select and furnish a house so much better than I can; but it will be the tiniest cottage."

"Well, you can go," said the old doctor, "and take my best wishes for your happiness."

But he said it in a dull, heavy tone, and his face was very grave when he called upon Esther.

"You must take me back for a month," he said, as cheerfully as if his heart was not like lead in his bosom. "My assistant has gone away."

Then he looked at Esther's fernery, as if his whole soul was absorbed in ferns, and added:

"He has gone home to be married. It is quite romantic. A long engagement, with the wedding postponed by poverty on both sides."

He heard a quick, gasping breath, but did not turn his head, as he continued:

"What luck you have with your ferns. My maidenhair will never grow as yours does. Mrs. Wyck says that raising flowers or ferns is a gift. She does not succeed as you do," and so on, and so on, until a clear voice, low, sweet and perfectly quiet, interrupted—

"Dr. Wyck, please come and sit here and tell me about Dr. Dun."

He told her all he knew.

"I feel very grateful to the doctor," Essie said, "for he has been more than kind, and I should like to make his wife a wedding present. I hope we shall be friends."

"I hope so," the doctor said."

"He left her soon after, stopping in the hall to mutter:

"I had rather face the worst surgical operation I ever performed than repeat that."

But Essie made no moan.

Even Martha could only guess her pain, and before the new doctor returned to Millville his patient was her sweet placid self again.

But at the station Dr. Dun and his happy wife found Robert, the coachman, waiting with a carriage.

"Miss Esther's compliments, doctor," he said, "and will you allow me to drive you home?"

It was bewildering to be driven to the prettiest of cottages which was brilliantly lighted.

A little maid-servant opened the door, and ushered the way to a drawing-room daintily furnished, where a note was laid conspicuously upon the table.

"It was directed to "Mrs. Herbert Dun," and begged the acceptance of cottage and contents from the "doctor's grateful patient, Esther Warren."

"Ours!"the bride cried. This pretty home is ours!"

And a happy home it proved as well as a pretty one.

Martha had made it as attractive and complete as possible, every room handsomely furnished, and many trifles of Essie's own work adding to its beauty, and the doctor accepted it with a most earnest resolution to pay her for it if skill and kindness could ever do so.

There is no more welcome visitor in the beautiful home of the crippled heiress than Annie Dunn, and if the children of the pretty cottage ever have a grievance, they are sure of sympathy and comfort from Essie, who stands in the place of a guardian angel in their hearts.

But there has never come to Essie any dream of love since she took Herbert Dunn and his wife into the place of beloved brother and sister.

Coney Island.

Everybody has heard of this popular summer resort of the New Yorkers with its splendid hotels, the Manhattan, the Brighton, and the Oriental. It lies directly on the Ocean, and the pure sea air, safe bathing, and excellent music, make one forget the heats of summer. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and the Iron Steamboat Company of New York, have entered into arrangements by which extra facilities are offered for reaching Coney Island, this popular summer resort. These palace steamers will connect with trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad at Jersey City, and land passengers at the Iron Pier, Coney Island, direct, also at Bay Ridge, where connection is made with the New York and Sea Beach Railroad. Return trips will be made at such hours as will afford satisfaction to all visitors to the island, and enable them to make sure and close connections with trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad homeward bound. The time on this line between Jersey City and Coney Island will be about forty minutes. This will be a safe, speedy, and pleasant route from all points to Coney Island.

IT does not always follow that a man is a sculptor because he chisels his tailor out of a suit of clothes.

Solving a Tough Problem.

One day Jack Marland, on going to the gallery of M. Lepage with one of his friends, found it occupied by a young man well known as one of the best shots in Paris; and most assuredly he was a good shot. He performed all the feats which tradition assigns to the Chevalier St. George; he each time hit the bull's eye of the target at the usual distance, snuffed a candle with the ball, split a bullet against the edge of a knife, and drove a nail into a wall by striking the head directly in the center with his ball; and, in short, by a thousand feats of this nature proved himself worthy the name of a first-rate shot.

His *amour propre* was roused by the presence of Jack, whom the attendant, in presenting him with the pistol, quietly said was almost as good a shot as himself, but at each shot, instead of receiving from Jack the tribute of praise which he deserved, he heard Jack, in reply to the exclamation of astonishment which proceeded from all in the gallery, say "No doubt, that is a very good shot, but the result would be very different, I've a notion, if he had a live man for his butt." This incessant calling in question of his powers as a duelist, for Jack had repeated his observation three times, at first astonished the *"tireur,"* and ended by annoying him; and, at length, turning round to Jack, and looking at him with an air half threatening, he said: "Forgive me, Mr. Englishman, but it appears to me that three times you have made an observation disparaging to my courage; will you be kind enough to give me some explanation of the meaning of your words?"

"My words," answered our friend, "do not, I think, require any explanation; they are plain enough in my opinion."

"Perhaps then, sir, you will be good enough to repeat them, in order that I may judge of the meaning which they will bear, and the object with which they have been spoken," was the reply of the Frenchman.

"I said," answered Jack, with the most perfect *sang froid*, "when I saw you hit the bull's-eye at every shot, that neither your hand nor your eye would be so steady, if your pistol were pointed against the breast of a man in the place of a wooden partition."

"And why, may I ask?"

"Because," answered Jack, "It seems to me, that at the moment of pulling the trigger, and firing at a man, the mind would be seized with a kind of emotion likely to unsteady the hand, and consequently the aim."

"You have fought many duels?" asked the Frenchman.

"Not one," said Jack.

"Ah! rejoined the other with a slight sneer, "then I am not surprised that you suppose the possibility of a man being afraid under such circumstances."

"Forgive me," said Jack, "you misunderstood me. I fancy that at the moment when one man is about to kill another, he may tremble from some other emotion than that of fear.

"Sir! I *never* tremble," said the shot.

"Possibly," replied Jack, with the same composure; "still I am not at all convinced, that at twenty-five paces, that is, at the distance at which you hit the bull's-eye each time——"

"Well, at twenty paces?" interrupted the other.

"You would miss your man," was the cool reply.

"Sir, I assure you I should not, "answered the Frenchman.

"Forgive me if I doubt your word," said Jack.

"You mean then to give me the lie?"

"I merely assert the fact," replied our friend.

"A fact, however, which I think you would scarcely like to establish," said the *"reteur."*

"Why not?" said Jack, looking steadily at his antagonist.

"By proxy, perhaps?"

"By proxy, or in my own person perhaps, I care not which," said Jack.

I warn you, you would be somewhat rash."

"Not at all," said Jack, for I merely say what I think; and, consequently, my conviction is that I should risk but little."

"Let us understand each other," said the Frenchman; "you repeat to me a second time, that at twenty-five paces I should miss my man."

"You are mistaken, monsieur," said Jack; "it appears to me that this is the fifth time that I have said it."

"Parbleu?" said the Frenchman, now thoroughly exasperated, "this is too much; you want to insult me."

"Think as you like, monsieur," said Jack.

"Good!" said the other, "your hour, sir?"

"Why not now?" said Jack.

"The place," said the other.

"We are but five steps from the Bois de Bologne," cried Jack.

"Your arms, sir?"

"The pistol, of course," was Jack's answer, "we are not about to fight a duel, but to decide a point upon which we are at issue."

The two young men entered their cabriolets, each accompanied by a friend, and drove towards the Bois de Bologne. Arrived at the appointed place, the seconds wished to arrange the matter. This however, was very difficult; Jack's adversary required an apology, whilst Jack maintained that he owed him none; unless he himself was either killed or wounded; for unless this happened, he (Jack) would not have been proved wrong. The seconds spent a quarter of an hour in the attempt to effect a reconciliation, but in vain. They then wished to place the antagonists at thirty paces from each other; to this Jack would not consent, observing that the point in question could not be correctly decided, if any difference were made between the ddstance now to be fixed, and the distance at which his antagonist had hit the bull's-eye in the gallery. It was then proposed that a Louis should be thrown up in order to decide who was to shoot first; this Jack declared was totally unnecessary, that the right to the first shot naturally belonged to his adversary, and although the Frenchman was anxious that Jack should take advantage of this one chance, he was firm and carried his point. The "garcon" of the shooting gallery had followed, and was ready to charge the pistols, which he did with the same measure, the same kind of powder, and the same kind of balls as those used by the Frenchman in the gallery a short time before. The pistols, too, were the same; this condition alone Jack had imposed, as a *sine qua non*. The antagonists, placed at twenty-five paces from each other, received each his pistol; and the seconds retired a few paces, in order to leave the combatants free to fire on one another, according to the stipulated arrangement.

Jack took none of the precautions usual with duellists: he attempted not to shield any part of his body, by position or any other means; but allowed his arms to hang down at his side, presented his full front to his enemy, who scarcely knew what to make of this extraordinary conduct. He had fought several duels, but it had never been his lot to see such *sang froid* in any one of his antagonists; he felt as if bewildered; and Jack's theory occurring to his mind, tended but little to reassure him; in short this celebrated shot, who had never missed either his man or the bull's-eye of the target, began to doubt his own powers. Twice he raised his pistol, and twice he lowered it again; this was of course contrary to all the laws of duelling; but each time Jack contented himself with saying: "Take time, monsieur! take time." A third time he raised his arm, and feeling ashamed of himself, fired. It was a moment of the most painful anxiety to the seconds; but, they were soon relieved, for Jack, the instant after the pistol had been fired, turned to the right and to the left, and made a low bow to the two friends, to show that he was not wounded, and then said, cooly, to his antagonist, "You, see, sir, I was right!"

"You were," answered the Frenchman; "and now fire, in your turn."

"Not I," said Jack, picking up his hat, and handing the pistol to the garcon; "what good would it do me to shoot at you?"

"But sir," said his adversary, "you have a right, and I cannot permit it to be otherwise; besides I am anxious to see how *you* shoot."

"Let us understand each other," said Jack. "I never said that I would hit you; *I* said, that *you* would not hit *me*; you have not hit me; I was right; and now there is an end to the matter;" and in spite of all the remonstrances and entreaties of the Frenchman, Jack mounted his cab, and drove off, repeating to his friend, "I told you there was a mighty difference between firing at a doll and firing at a man." Jack's mind was eased; he had solved his problem, and found that he was not a coward.

Fred Archer.

Fred Archer, the man who rode the American horse Iroquois, to victory at the late Derby race in England, was born on January 11th, 1856. His family had always been famous for their powers of horsemanship, and his father was a well-known performer between the flags, and as recently as 1858, or two years after Fred was born, he rode and won the Liverpool Grand National upon Little Charley. Before Fred was ten years old he showed that he knew how to stick on a horse, and it was resolved that he should be brought up as a jockey. He was apprenticed to Matthew Dawson, of the Heath House, Newmarket, with whom he has remained ever since. At the early age of fourteen so thoroughly proficient had he become in the business that he was given amount on Athol Daisy for the Nursery Handicap at Chesterfield, which he won on September 28, 1870, previous to which he had ridden and won a match on a pony belonging to Mrs. Willan Matthew Dawson, and all connected with the Heath House stables recognizing that they had a very promising light-weight in Archer, gave him every chance possible, and his first success in any great event was on Salvanos for the Cesarewich in 1872, which he rode at 77 pounds. In this race he showed a wonderful amount of ability, coolness and judgment of pace, which foretold the brilliant career in store for him. During the remainder of that and the following seasons he did not ride, but in 1874 he began a series of brilliant seasons which at the end of 1880 showed a total of no less than 1,430 successful mounts. As early as 1870 he had already won the confidence of Lord Falmouth, and although his riding weight was little more than 88 pounds, he rode Atlantic for the 2,000 guineas at 122 pounds and won. Since then he has won all the classic events—the Derby in 1877 with Silvio, in 1880 with Bend Or and in 1881 with Iroquois. With Jannette and Wheel of Fortune he took the Oaks in 1878 and 1879. Silvio and Jannette in 1877 and 1878 were his winning St. Leger mounts and besides Atlantic in 1874 he won the 2,000 guineas with Charibert in 1879, while for the 1,000 guineas he rode Spinaway and Wheel of Fortune in 1875 and 1879, all with the exception of Iroquois and Bend Or being the property of Lord Falmouth. Five times in six years Archer has won the City and Suburban, viz., on Thunder, Julius Cæsar, Parole, Master Kildare and Bend Or. With Parole Archer also took the Great Metropolitad Handicap in 1879. Twice he has won the Dewhurst Plate with Wheel of Fortune and Bal Gal, but singular as it may seem he has never been able to run a place for the Middle Park Plate. It is utterly impossible to mention all the important events Archer has won, he being alike at home in a dash of half a mile or at a distance, and as he is still able to ride at 118 pounds or a trifle less, he will no doubt be kept busy in the saddle all the present season although he went in partnership with Matthew Dawson last January as a trainer. If he is as successful as a trainer as he has been as a jockey he will certainly have a wonderful career. He has already built for himself a very handsome and comfortable residence in close proximity to the Heath House stables, but is as yet said to be unmarried.

L'ESTRANGE says: "So long as we stand boggling at imaginary evils let us never blame a horse for starting at a shadow."

THE young man who wrote and asked his girl to accept a "bucket" of flowers became a little pale when she said she wooden't ware it,

$100,000,000.

For more than three hundred years the mines of Pachuca have been worked by the Mexicans—first by the Mexicans pure and simple, then by the Spaniards and now again by Mexicans who would scorn the name of Spaniard, though his blood mingles in their veins. Here in this very town was discovered the process of amalgamation now in use to-day, by which all the precious ores dug from the mountain are made to yield their silver. Yes, more, the very hacienda is still worked and profitably, in which, in 1857, Senor Medina made that discovery so valuable to Mexico. Senor Medina has passed away, it is presumed, but his memory still lives. The English colony comprises about 350 men, women and children, from the mining district of Cornwall. The first Cornish miners came here about fifty years ago, introducing English machinery and modes of working the mines, much to the benefit of the owners. Some of the original number are still living, though very few, and all here now agree as to the healthfulness of the climate as a place of residence for English people. Though some of them have acquired wealth and some have retired to old England with enough and to spare, the majority have earned little more than a living. Precarious property are these mines, except in exceptional cases. The most noteworthy of all the instances of poor men striking it rich is that of the Santa Gertrudis mine, which is now "in bonanza." It had been successively worked and abandoned years and years ago, and was finally "pronounced"—or taken to work—by a Cornishman, who has just died. Forming a small company in 1877, he commenced active work. After it was proven that the mine was paying he sold out his share—nine twenty-fifths—for $15,000. Since then, one twenty-fifth has sold for $80,000, the present price per bana or share. This would give at that rate $720,000 for what he got but $15,000 for. The mine has been "in bonanza" now for three years and is yielding about 3,000 cargas of 300 pounds each of metal weekly, and giving a clear profit of $1,000 per day. From June, 1877, to March, 1881, the mine produced $2,800,000 and declared thirty-two dividends of $20,000 each—$640,000. In June, 1877, there was but one shaft of sixty varas—a vara is a little less than a yard—now the deepest shaft is 170 varas; there is a powerful pumping and hoisting engine, many large buildings, and all the appurtences of a mine in this section, all paid for. With all this profit, present and prospective, all the ore obtained here is sent to be reduced to Regla, a distance of seven leagues. This mine, which is located less than two miles from the center of Pachuca, is owned principally by men who were poor at the time they commenced to work it. There are, it is said, two distinct lodes, running parallel and at less than fifty yards from each other. At first the vein worked was only a vara wide, but as they went down they found a cavern filled with "metallic mush," twenty-four feet wide. They were at first compelled to timber around a great deal, for the sake of economy, taking out merely enough to meet current expenses. What remained was "pure black sulphurets, which exhumed globules of native silver when exposed to fire." One can trace the silver lode as it crops out above the surface and runs diagonally across the hills; and if appearances are good for anything, the two new mines of Dr. Skilton, the Santo Tomas el Nuevo and the Santa Catarina, to the west of Santa Gertrudis, are right in the silver track. We visited these latter, which are at present operated by the old-fashioned Mexican mode, the metal being brought up in bullock skins by means of long ropes of maguey fibre wound about a large drum operated by mules or horses. The whole district abounds in picturesque features, but none more so than these primitive mines. One hundred million dollars taken from one mine in thirty years! This is the amount declared on good authority to have been extracted from the Rosario mine since it was started in 1850, and the books show that there has been paid $500,000 per share in dividends!

A Knowing Horse.

Water Superintendent Bush, of Spring field, Massachusetts, has a horse about which some wonderful stories are told. The animal has been in the family for several years, and since the water-works were built has aided its owner largely in superintending them. Mr. Bush's headquarters are at L. R. Norton's store and there Huldah stands most of the time ready for any emergency. It is said that she knows the location of every hydrant and can scent a leak in the water pipes in any part of the town. If in doubt about it she will start alone for the suspected spot, and, not finding anything the matter there, will sheepishly return to her post. But, if there is a genuine leak, then she trots rapidly back to get her master. Sometimes it happens that Mr. Bush needs assistance in reparing the break, and in such cases he simply says, "Huldah, go and get Pat and Mike, I want them to help me." The animal trots off to the houses of the Celts, and they, understanding what it means, jump in the carriage and are carried to the place. If, while the leak is being attended to, a tool is required that is not at hand, Mr. Bush ties a slip of paper to the whip, explaining what is needed, tells the horse the name of the implement he wants and the intelligent animal goes straight to headquarters, and when the needed tool is found starts back with it. Sometimes the wrong tool has been intentionally put into the buggy to deceive, but she is too smart for such tricks and refuses to start until she is given what the note calls for. Innumerable stories of this sort are related of the animal's intelligence which one can believe or disbelieve as they please. Certain it is that the horse is mofe than ordinarily intelligent, and shows in that line, as well as in gentleness and affection for its owner, the effect of kind treatment—it never having been struck a blow or been struck a blow or been spoken crossly to since coming into Mr. Bush's possession.

Profits For May.

Old Pinchem sat in his private office the other day figuring up his profits for May, when his head clerk, looking as pale as a sheep and as red as a cow by turns, entered and began:

"Mr. Pinchem, I—I——"

"Have you got those goods off for Kalamazoo? interrupted the old man.

"Yes, sir, they are off, Mr. Pinchem, I have long——"

"And about that order for starch?"

"That has been attended to, sir. Mr. Pinchem, I have long wanted to speak to you."

"Ah! speak to me. Why, I thought you spoke to me fifty times a day."

"Yes sir, I know, but this is a private matter."

"Private? Oh! Ah! Wait till I see how much we made on that last 10,000 pounds of soap. Six times four are twenty-four; five times two are ten, and two to carry are twelve; three times seven are twenty-one and one—ah, well, go ahead; I'll finish this afterwards."

"Mr. Pinchem, I have been with you ten long years."

"Ten, eh? Long years eh? Any longer than any other years? Go ahead."

"And I have always tried to do my duty."

Have, eh? Go on."

"And I now make bold—"

"Hold on! What is there bold about it? But never mind—I'll hear you out."

"Mr. Pinchem, I want to ask—ask—I want to ask—"

"Well, why don't you ask then? I don't see why you don't ask, if you want to."

"Mr. Pinchem, I want to ask you for—for—for—"

"You wan't to ask me for the hand of my daughter. Ah! Why didn't you speak right out? She's yours, my boy! Take her and be happy. You might have had her two years ago if you had mentioned it. Go 'long, now— I'm busy."

"Mr. Pinchem."

"What, you here yet? Well, what is it?"

"I wanted to ask you for, for—"

"Didn't I give her to you, you rascal!"

"Yes, but what I wanted to ask you for was, not the hand of your daughter, but for a raise of salary."

"Oh, that was it, eh? Well, sir, that is an entirely different matter, and it requires time for serious thought and earnest consultation. Return to your work, and some time next fall I'll see about giving you a raise of a dollar a week. Six times four are twenty-four and two to carry; and three times——"

Some Wonderful Arab Horses.

Somewhere about 1780, it appears to me, the search after Eastern horses began to languish, and then gradually died out. One reason was that the aristocratic importers found, let them work never so hard, they could not equal that "first regimental charger" on which Capt. Byerly of the Boyne, otherwise obscure, has ridden into everlasting renown, or the Paris cart-horse, or the Turkey merchant's unhoped-for treasure from Aleppo. I regret this, because the very highest specimens of Barb and Arab, like the very highest specimens of our English race-horse, must be few and far between. Had our wealthy breeders persevered, other accidental wonders, once and again, might have fallen into their hands, and even short of that, valuable qualities would have kept infusing themselves into horses of every description, together with an unfailing flow of Eastern blood. To show how much accident has to do with such matters; There was an Eastern screw, belonging to the surgeon of the Ninetieth Regiment, at Zante, in 1828. He was a flea-bitten gray, standing somewhere about 15 hands 2 inches. Turk, Barb, Arab, or a mixture of all three, nobody knew. He was not regularly trained, and far from being in a racing condition; he was, therefore, naturally thought nothing of at first. But to the astonishment of the military mind, when races were established there under high Newmarket superintendence, neither thoroughbred chargers from home nor Barbs and Arabs—many of them horses of merit belonging to the Greek gentlemen of the place—had the shadow of a chance with him; he scuttled away from all competitors in the most unexpected style, and may, for aught I know, have been a second Godolphin in disguise.

In Cyprus.

The Cypriote makes night hideous with his howlings, laboring under the impression that he is musical The noise or music to which he jumps is chiefly produced by scraping one—the treble—string of a little fiddle with great rapidity, and has to all appearances been learned from the mosquito, which it mimics with considerable accuracy. The fiddle is generally accompanied by the *bourdon* of a zither, which copies well the wearing screech of the cicala. When the native Greek breaks into song he produces a brief nasal drone, whose melancholy sound is often repeated. The boys never whistle; but the children, chiefly the girls, from time to time, with a voice from the head and nose produce a short tune, which never exceeds two or three bars. With all this they have wondrous lungs. The men will send their clear voices ringing through the pure dry air across the country-side; in the streets and on the roads they converse, preferably it would almost seem, from a distance in loud tones. When on fine evenings—and all evenings are fine in Cyprus for months together—whole families sit in the lanes outside their doors, they do not take the trouble to move in order to visit their neighbors, but shout to them with shrill distinctness as they sit. The result is a babel of noise, for all shout together. Notwithstanding that, they seem to make themselves intelligible.

Stove lustre, when mixed with turpentine and applied in the usual manner, is blacker, more glossy and durable than if put on with any other liquid. The turpentine prevents rust, and when put on an old rusty stove will make it look as well as new. The odor of the turpentine passes off quickly.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JULY 28., '81

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL
Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at
$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE
Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square....	$1 00	$2 50	$3 00	$4 00	$7 00
¼ column,..	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column...	5 00	7 50	10 00	15 00	35 00
1 column...	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.
Job Work done on short notice.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

P. C. Weidemyer and J. M. Dick, preachers.

Rev. P. C. Weidemyer will preach next Sunmorning.

Sunday School, 2 P. M.—M. I. Jamison, supt.

Methodist.

Rev. J. Benson Akers, Preacher-in-charge.

Preaching next Sunday evening.

Sunday School at 1½ P. M.—D. A. Musser, supt.

Reformed.

Rev. C. W. E. Siegel, Pastor.

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday evening.

United Brethren.

Rev. Tullheim, Preacher-in-charge.

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

United Sunday School.

Meets at 9 A. M.—H. E. Duck, supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F. meets in heir hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening.
Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.
A. O. DEININGER, Sec. R. A. BUMILLER, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 6½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.
D. L. ZERBY, Sec. A. O. Deininger, Master.,

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.
A. WALTER, Sec, B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.
F. P. OTTO, Sec., J. F. HARTER, Pres't.

Announcements of Candidates.

The following is our scale of charges for the announcement of candidates for nomination by the ensuing Democratic county convention—strictly cash in advance: Sheriff, Prothonotary and Treasurer—$5 each; Associate Judge and Register—$4 each; Commissioner and Recorder—$3 each; Auditor—$1. Candidates must pledge themselves to support the ticket nominated.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce that H. HOLT, of Snow Shoe township, is a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that J. G. MEYER, of Haines township, is a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that GEO. W. SPANGLER, of Potter township is a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that D. C. KELLER, of Potter township, is a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to Democratic rules.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce that [illegible]GGE HOFFER, of College township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN B. LEATHERS, of Howard township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that THOMAS J. DUNKEL, of Rush township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN COLDREN, of Gregg township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that S. K. FAUST, of Miles township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that MICHAEL KERSTETTER, of Spring township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that DANIEL T. WIELAND, of Harris township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JOSEPH L. NEFF, of Boggs township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that L. T. MUNSON, of Bellefonte, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to Democratic rules.

PROTHONOTARY.

We are authorized to announce that J. C. HARPER, is a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to Democratic rules.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN RISHEL, of Potter township, is a candidate for the office of Associate Judge, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN K. RUNKLE, of Potter township, is a candidate for the office of Associate Judge, subject to Democratic rules.

COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN WOLF, of Miles township, is a candidate for the office of Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that H. E. DUCK, of Penn township, is a candidate for the office of Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN HOY, Jr., of Marion township, is a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that A. J. GRIEST, of Unionville, is a candidate for the office of Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that B. H. ARNEY, of Potter township, is a candidate for the office of Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that SAMUEL DECKER, of Walker township is a candidate for Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that C. ALEXANDER, of Penn township, is a candidate for Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules.

REGISTER.

We are authorized to announce that JOE W. FURY, of Bellefonte, is a candidate for the office of Register, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that T. B. JAMISON, of Gregg township, is a candidate for the office of Register, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JAMES A. McCLAIN, of Boggs township, is a candidate for the office of Register, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that HENRY BECK, of Spring township, is a candidate for the office of Register, subject to Democratic rules.

RECORDER.

We are authorized to announce that FRANK E. BIBLE, of Spring township, is a candidate for the office of Recorder, subject to Democratic rules.

We are authorized to announce that JOHN MYERS, of Harris township, is a candidate for the office of Recorder, subject to Democratic rules.

Democratic County Committee.

The following persons have been named as members of the Democratic County Committee for 1881.

Bellefonte, W. W.....	Nicholas Redding.
Bellefonte, N. W.....	Charles Schrader.
Bellefonte, S. W.....	Edward Brown, Jr.
Milesburg.....	O P Kreamer.
Millheim.....	D L Zerby.
Unionville.....	A Toner Leathers.
Howard.....	George Wistar.
Philipsburg.....	A J Graham.
Benner.....	Jerry Roan.
Boggs.....	James A McClain.
Burnside.....	Oscar Holt.
Curtin.....	John McClosky.
College.....	Jacob Bottorff.
Ferguson, old.....	John T. McCormick.
Ferguson, new.....	Miles Walker.
Gregg, south.....	Henry Krumrine, Sr.
Gregg, north.....	James Dock.
Halfmoon.....	John Ward.
Haines.....	Solomon Ettlinger.
Harris.....	John A Rupp.
Howard.....	John A Dunkle.
Huston.....	Henry Hale.
Liberty.....	W H Gardner.
Marion.....	Perry Condo.
Miles.....	Samuel K Faust.
Patton.....	John Reed.
Penn.....	Christ Alexander.
Potter, north.....	John Shannon.
Potter, south.....	James McClintic.
Rush.....	John Donlan.
Snow Shoe.....	Abel Campbell.
Spring.....	John Noll.
Taylor.....	William Calderwood.
Union.....	S K Emerick.
Walker.....	Ambrose McMullen.
Worth.....	Marshall Lewis.

P. GRAY MEEK,
Bellefonte, Pa., Feb 1. Chairman.

JURY LIST FOR AUGUST TERM.

GRAND JURY.

Dav Deitrick, Walker	J Musser, Jr, Ferguson
H A Moore, Howard	J Witmer Wolf, Potter
Wm Wike, Half Moon	Jac F Stover, Haines
Mich Fletcher, Liberty	D B Malone, Boggs
S Williams, Huston	John B Bitner, Potter
Henry Heaton, Boggs	Peter Robb, Curtin
John Callahan, Rush	F P Musser, Millheim
John Biddle, Patton	J Gunsaulus, Snowshoe
G W Swartz, Millheim	T Brumgard, Miles
L C Rearick, Spring	W McCormick, Jr., Po'r
S A Marshall, Benner	J B Rockey, Benner
Wm Young, Worth	Conrad Singer, Curtin

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

John Love, Ferguson	J Cronister, Half Moon
W R Camp, Potter	J A Crider, Boggs
O M Sheets, Ferguson	J S Boal, Harris
Em'l Peter, College	Constans Curtin, Boggs
Lewis Mench, Haines	S Mattern, Half Moon
N J McCloskey, Curtin	Henry Wolf, Miles
E R Jones, Worth	John Gingrich, Worth
J F Ward, Ferguson	Wm Stiver, Potter
John Weaver, Harris	John F Miller, Potter
E B Hosterman, Potter	E Poorman, Snow Shoe
Geo W Fleck, Boggs	Wm A Kerr, Potter
Jos Gilliland, Potter	Geo Kauffman, Spring
Dan K Miller, Marion	Aaron Ulrich, Penn
W Zimmerman, B'side	Geo Martz, College
Thomas Lingle, Potter	D L Zerby, Penn
Dan Glossner, Liberty	Lowrey Shope, Boggs
C M Sellers, Patton	W Clevenstine, Walker
W Bartholomew, Gregg	Wm Bradford, Harris
D W Holt, Philipsburg	Ed Krumrine, Gregg
Uriah Stover, Haines	Hiram Blowers, Taylor
T Walker, Snow Shoe	Fergus Potter, Harris
B F Homan, Ferguson	J Confer, Jr., Harris
W R Mattern, Huston	Daniel Roush, Miles
George Bower, Haines	W C Farmer, Potter

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

C Dale, Benner	Hen Emerick, Gregg
John R Bair, Millheim	Jacob H Wile, Haines
J H Holt, Snow Shoe	J B Mitchell, Ferguson
A Cheney, Worth	John Ruth, Miles
L T Munson, Bellef'te	E Zimmerman, Boggs
G W Rheads, Benner	D Dunkle, Sr., Walker
Geo W Wilson, Union	H L Harvey, Boggs
G R Spigelmyer, Haines	J G Jones, Worth
Jas B Lane, Bellefonte	Dan Beanes, Taylor
Wm Beckwith, Worth	D Z Kline, Bellefonte
G M Swartz, Bellefonte	Al Jones, Philipsburg
D H Parker, Philipsb'g	W H Wilkinson, Bellef
G F Emerick, Benner	Chas Holt, Snow Shoe
F McFarlane, Harris	Sam'l Bathurst, Boggs
David Evans, Potter	C Eckenroth, Spring
J Donnbleton, Rush	A J Shivery, Benner
G D Johnston, Howard	John Luth, Spring
Jas Irvin, Bellefonte	Dan A Grove, College

Democratic Delegate Election and County Convention.

The Democratic voters of Centre county will meet at the regular place of holding the general election for their districts, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1881,

to elect delegates to the Democratic County Convention. The election will open at two o'clock p. m., and close at six p. m.

The delegates chosen at the above time will meet in the Court House, at Bellefonte on Tuesday, the 9th day of August, at two o'clock p. m., to nominate two candidates for Associate Judge; one candidate for Sheriff; one candidate for Prothonotary; one candidate for Treasurer; one candidate for Register; one candidate for Recorder; two candidates for County Commissioner; two candidates for Auditor; and to transact such other business as the interest of the party may require.

The number of delegates to which each district is entitled is as follows:

Bellefonte W W	1	Haines	5
" N W	2	Harris	3
" S W	3	Howard	2
Milesburg	1	Huston	1
Millheim	2	Liberty	2
Unionville	1	Marion	2
Howard boro	1	Miles	6
Philipsburg	5	Patton	1
Benner	4	Penn	3
Boggs	4	Potter north	3
Burnside	1	" south	4
Curtin	2	Rush	4
College	2	Snow Shoe	3
Ferguson old	3	Spring	4
" new	1	Taylor	1
Gregg south	5	Union	1
" north	2	Walker	5
Halfmoon	1	Worth	1
al	92		

P. GRAY MEEK,
Chairman Co. Com.

The Nation's Patient.

The President took a sudden relapse on Saturday last, caused by the cessation of the discharge of pus from the wound, which made a surgical operation necessary to relieve the patient. The operation was performed and the president afterward rested well and showed signs of improvement. Since then he is getting along as well as could possibly be expected, but it is useless to conceal the fact that he is in a critical condition notwithstanding the high hopes that had been entertained of his speedy recovery. His case is not hopeless, although he is subject to sudden and dangerous changes. Under Providence and the most skillful medical treatment his life may be spared, but this hope must be based more on faith than on sight. The latest official news as to the President's precise condition is given in the following telegram by Secretary Blaine:

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Secretary Blaine sent the following telegram at 11 o.clock p. m., "Lowell, Minister, London: At 11 o'clock p. m., the president's physicians report the temperature and respiration normal and pulse 96, best report at the same hour for five nights. The entire day has been most encouraging and a feeling of confidence is rapidly returning."

His Name is Lapham.

The long and disgracefml struggle at Albany has at last ended in the election of Judge Lapham for U. S. Senator in place of Roscoe Conkling, resigned. The final ballot was taken last Thursday at 4 o'clock, P. M., and stood for Lapham, 92, Potter, 40. Like Miller, his colleague, Mr. Lapham hardly comes up to the medium size, intellectually. Both are notoriously unfit to represent the great state of New York in the Senate of the United States. Lapham has served three terms in congress but has not made himself conspicuous in any way. It really seems that the Republican party cares very little these later years whether their senators have talent, ability, culture or integrity, if they only possess lots of money and are good political bosses. "*Schoene Zeiten.*"

A Chance for a Free Scholarship in the State College.

STATE COLLEGE, CENTRE CO., PA., July 11, 1881.

TO HON. CYRUS T. ALEXANDER,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Dear sir: The Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania State College have determined to establish fifty (50) free scholarships in the institution—one for each senatorial district in the State. All tuition, in the College is already free. These scholarships, in addition to the tuition, will entitle the holders thereof to exemption for the payment of other college charges, for incidentals, room, rent, fuel, and use of furniture.

It is believed that this can be done without adding materially to the expenses of the Institution, whilst its benefits will be enlarged to the extent of these scholarships.

The conditions are, that the scholar, after a competitive examination of the studies required for admission, receive the appointment from the Senator of his district, and that said scholar be at least fifteen (15) years of age, of good character, and fully prepared for admission to the Freshman class. The student so appointed shall be entitled to the benefits of his scholarship for the four years of his college course, provided that his conduct and class-standing be satisfactory to the Faculty. So soon as a vacancy occurs, from any cause, the Senator of the district shall have authority to fill the scholarship by a new appointment, under similar conditions.

In view of these facts, you will arrange for an examination for the year 1881-82 are, for all applicants, the Common English branches, Physical Geography, Higher Algebra to (Quadratics), Geometry (4 books), and U. S. History. The special requirements of applicants for admission to the Scientific course will be the elements of Natural Philosophy; the special requirements made of Classical students are Cæsar (3 books), Cicero's Orations (3), and Xenophon's Anabasis. A student whose qualifications fall, in some respects, below the standard, but are in others so much above that standard as to give a reasonable hope that he will make up his deficiencies, may be admitted *on probation*. Should no one present himself who is entitled to enter as a Freshman, a well qualified applicant for *higher* class standing may be admitted.

As soon as the appointment shall have been made in your district, you will please notify the college authorities of the fact, giving the name and address of the appointee.

Although our standard of admission to the college classes will be higher after the coming session, and special course in Civil Engineering, Chemistry and Physic, and Natural Science have been added to the courses recognized in the present catalogue, I forward a copy of that catalogue as giving, on pages 18 and 36, a correct idea of the preparation required of those who would now enter as Freshmen. We shall be glad to furnish any further information concerning this or other matters relating to the College.

Requesting your early and hearty co-operation in securing, for your "scholarship," the best student available,

I remain, yours respectfully,
JAS. A. MCKEE, *Acting Pres't.*

In compliance with the request contained in above letter I give notice that I have selected an impartial committee of examiners, which committee will meet in the Court House at Bellefonte, on Friday, 19th of August next, to examine all such applicants as may appear before them. The person whom the committee recommends will receive the appointment. Applicants will please notify me of their intention to be present before the day of examination. Respectfully,
C. T. ALEXANDER.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D. C., July 23rd, 1881.

The quarrel among New York Republicans, so far as the choise of a Senator in place of Mr. Conkling could end it, is ended and most of us, of all parties, are ready to say as the President did, "Thank God." No political contest of our times has developed so much corruption among rival politicians, and the exposures of the several rival factions, were finally stopped only by the imperious necessity of selfpreservation. It is impossible to tell just how much damage has been done to Mr. Conkling by his defeat, but the State has been disgraced and the Republican party so demoralized that there is no reasonable hope of harmony hereafter. The Democrats ought to carry the State this fall by a good majority. In fact, in the three great States of New York, Virginia and Ohio, in which events important in their bearing on the next election have occured, the Democratic prospects are excellent.

A private despatch from a member of Justice Nathan Clifford's family says the honored jurist cannot possibly live more than a few days. He it the last of the Democratic appointments to the Supreme bench, having been appointed by President Buchanan in 1858. Of the Justices selected by Republican Presidents many have subsequently acted with the Democrats, notably Chief Justice Chase, David Davis, and Stephen J. Field. Justice Clifford is most highly respected in all walks of life.

There has been prepared at the Treasury Department a history of Civil Services reform under the act of 1871. All will remember the gorgeous promises and the shriveled performance of our Republican friends on this subject. The very Committee appointed to prepare a scheme of reform drew pay for services never rendered. From 1872, the year reform was born, to the present time, the country has seen all sorts of corruption in its civil service. Each political campaign has turned the employes of the government into workers for party instead of for the United States, and the whisky rings and other countless frauds have gone unpunished. An accurate history of all this would be accurate reading, but I suppose the Treasury will give us only a statement of the formal action taken by the committee of 1871, with notices of such fragmentary efforts as have been made by a few officials to benefit the service, by compliance with rules then laid down.

The President is slowly, but, the physicians say, surely recovering. His extreme prostration is shown by the fact that a very little conversation increases his fever greatly. The physicians have in contemplation a trip down the Potomac, but are so far unable to fix a day for it to commence. CARROLL.

L. C. & S. C. RAIL ROAD.

TRAINS LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M.	7 P. M.
Montandon	7.00	9.45	2.20	6.45
Lewisburg ar	7.15	10.00	2.35	7.00
Lewisburg lv	7.25			
Fair Ground	7.30	10.06	2.40	
Biehl	7.41	10.21	2.51	
Vicksburg	7.47	10.30	2.57	
Mifflinburg	8.03	10.51	3.13	
Millmont	8.25	11.20	3.35	
Laurelton	8.35	ar 11.35	3.46	
Wicker Run	9.00		4.11	
Cherry Run	9.17		4.30	
Fowler	9.37		4.50	
Coburn	9.48		5.02	
Spring Mills	10.15		ar 5.30	

TRAINS LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2 A. M.	4 A. M.	6 P. M.	8 P. M.
Montandon ar	6.50	ar 9.30	ar 1.20	ar 6.30
Lewisburg	6.35	9.15	1.05	6.15
Fair Ground		9.10	1.00	6.10
Biehl		9.01	12.48	6.00
Vicksburg		8.56	12.42	5.55
Mifflinburg		8.43	12.25	5.40
Millmont		8.25	12.02	5.20
Laurelton		8.15	11 50	5.10
Wiker Run		7.48		4.47
Cherry Run		7.31		4.30
Fowler		7.10		4.10
Coburn		6.58		4.00
Spring Mills		6.30		3.30

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail west for Williamsport, Lock Haven, Kane, Corry and Erie, and Buffalo and Niagara Falls via Emporium, also Elmira, Watkins, Buffalo and Niagara Falls via Canandaigua.

Nos. 3 and 4 connect with Pacific Express east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Nos. 5 and 6 connect with Day Express east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York, and Niagara Express west for Williamsport, Lock Haven and Renovo, Tyrone, Altoona and Pittsburg via Lock Haven, also Elmira, Watkins and Buffalo, and Niagara Falls via Canandaigua.

Nos. 7 and 8 connect with Fast Line west for Williamsport and Lock Haven.

No. 8 also connects with Erie Mail east for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Div.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, June 12th, 1881, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 55 p. m.
" "	Harrisburg	4 25 a. m.
" "	Williamsport	8 40 a. m.
" "	Jersey Shore.	9 09 a. m.
" "	Lock Haven.	9 40 a. m.
" "	Renovo	11 05 a .m
" arr. at	Erie	7 45 p. m.
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	9 00 a. m.
" "	Harrisburg	12 15 p. m.
" arr. at	Williamsport	3 15 p. m.
" "	Lock Haven.	4 20 p. m.
" "	Renovo	5 30 p. m.
" "	Kane	10.05 a. m.
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	12 10 p. m.
" "	Harrisburg	4 00 p. m.
" arr. at	Williamsport	7 55 p. m.
" "	Lock Haven	9 10 p. m.

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves	Lock Haven..	7 05 a. m.
" "	Jersey Shore..	7 37 a. m.
" "	Williamsport.	8 20 a. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg ..	12 05 p. m.
" "	Philadelphia.	3 20 p. m.
" "	Kane	6 00 a. m.
DAY EXPRESS leaves	Lock Haven..	11 25 a. m.
" "	Williamsport	12 25 p. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg ..	3 40 p. m.
" "	Philadelphia	6 45 p. m.
" "	Erie	11 35 a. m.
ERIE MAIL leaves	Renovo	9 00 p. m
" "	Lock Haven	10 10 p. m.
" "	Williamsport	11 30 p. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg	3 40 a. m.
" "	Philadelphia	7 35 a. m.
FAST LINE leaves	Williamsport	12 15 a. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg	3 15 a. m.
" "	Philadelphia	7 35 a. m.

Erie Mail and Fast Line and Pacific Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express West and Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, General Sup't.

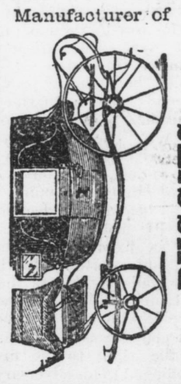
CENTRE HALL
Furniture Store.

WM. R. CAMP,
PROPRIETOR.

Walnut & Fancy Chamber Suits, Lounges, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Sinks, WASHSTANDS, Parlor Tables, Breakfast Tables, Extension Tables, Wood and Cane Seat Chairs, Mattresses, Spring Beds, and everything else in the Furniture line at the lowest prices. I hope to merit the patronage of the public by good work and moderate prices. Please call and see my stock before you go out of your own valley for your furniture. You can do fully as well at home as you can anywhere else.

TRY ME!

JOHN S. FISHER,
Manufacturer of



CARRIAGES, SPRING WAGONS, BUGGIES, SLEIGHS.

REBERSBURG, PENNA.

FARMERS'
Supply Store.

OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS.

The most complete plow made. Light running and durable. Price reduced Threeshares—"C" share for ordinary plowing; "B. S." share for dry ground, and "S" share for hard baked soil or stony land, chilled and polished; price 50 cents each. It is the best plow in the world for plowing dry baked or gravely soil. We challenge any other plow to compete with it.

Grain Drill.

The very best; gum spring, rear shifter, fertilizer attachment, with other improvements. Lowest prices.

Fodder Cutter.

Cuts and crushes fodder. Warranted to do more satisfactory crushing than any other fodder-cutter made. Will also cut Hay and Straw.

Farmer's Chop Mills,

Cider Mills with Presses, hand or horse power, Washing Machines, easily operated; a boy or girl of 14 years can do twice as much washing with half the labor that an adult can do.

The Best Clothes Washer,

warranted for 5 years, and satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. *The best, most efficient and most durable washer in the world.* It has no rival and is the only washine that will *wash perfectly clean without rubbing.* It can be used in any size tub, or shifted from one tub to another in a moment. Is so simple and easy operated that the most delicate lady, or child 10 years old can do the work. It is made of Galvanized Iron and is the only washer that has the *Rubber Bands on the Rollers* which prevent the breaking of buttons and injury to clothes. Price very low.
No Family can afford to do without it.

Threshers and Separators.

The GEISER Thresher and Separator, for 4 to 10 horses. The HEEBNER Level-tread Power and separator for 1 and 2 horses.

Bells.

Farm, School and Church Bells, of the most improved make at very low prices.

Sewing Machines.

We sell a $40 machine for $20.
We sell a $45 machine for $28.
We sell a $50 machine for $25.
We sell a $55 machine for $27.50,
We sell a $60 machine for $30.
Warranted to be new. first class machines in every respect. It pays farmers and others to come to our store to buy their supplies.

Conklin Wagons.

Buggies, Carriages, and Platform Spring Wagons.

Two-horse Cultivators.

For cultivating fallows, at very low prices.

Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, Spring-Toothed Harrows,

And a full line of Farm Implements always on hand. Call and see the GIANT CROSS-CUT in operation.

Store opposite Bush House, Bellefonte, Pa.

ALEXANDER & CO.

THE NEW VICTOR.

SIMPLICITY SIMPLIFIED!

Improvements September, 1878.

Notwithstanding the VICTOR has long been the peer of any Sewing Machine in the market—a fact supported by a host of volunteer witnesses—we now confidently claim for it greater simplicity, a wonderful reduction of friction and a rare combination of desirable qualities. Its shuttle is a beautiful specimen of mechanism, and takes rank with the highest achievements of inventive genius. *Note.*—We do not lease or consign Machines, therefore, have no old ones to patch up and re-varnish for our customers.

We Sell New Machines Every Time!

Send for Illustrated Circular and prices. Liberal terms to the trade. Don't buy until you have seen the

Most Elegant, Simple and Easy Running Machine in the Market.—The Ever Reliable VICTOR.

—VICTOR SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,—
Western Branch Office, 235 STATE ST., CHICAGO, ILL. MIDDLETOWN, CONN.

FOR
Boots Shoes, and Slippers
GO TO
KAMP'S
BOOT & SHOE STORE
when visiting Lock Haven,
and look at the
Largest and Cheapest Stock
OF
BOOTS & SHOES
in Central Pennsylvania.
My Motto is
'Large Sales and Small Profits.'
JACOB KAMP,
THE BOOT & SHOE MAN OF
LOCK HAVEN.

DR. JOHN F. HARTER,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Office on 2nd story of Tomlinson's Grocery Store, on Main Street,
MILLHEIM, PA.

B. F. KISTER,
FASHIONABLE BOOT & SHOEMAKER,
MILLHEIM, PA.
Shop next door to Foote's store, Main St.
BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS made to order, and satisfactory work guaranteed. Repairing done promptly and cheaply, and in a neat style.

J. G. SPRINGER,
FASHIONABLE BARBER,
Next door to Journal Store,
MILLHEIM, PA.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
(Opposite Court House.)
H. BROCKERHOFF, Proprietor. WM. McKEEVER, Manager.
Good sample rooms on first floor.
Free Bus to and from all trains.
Special rates to Jurors and Witnesses.
STRICTLY FIRST CLASS.

IRVIN HOUSE,
(Most Central Hotel in the City,)
COR. MAIN AND JAY ST.,
Lock Haven, Pa.,
S. WOODSCALWELL, PROPRIETOR
Good Sample Rooms for Commercial Traveler on first floor.

FREE BY MAIL.
WONDERFUL CURES
HOPELESS CASES OF
CONSUMPTION
Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Debility and All Chronic Diseases. 20 years of great experience. 2,000 hopeless cases cured. Astonishing discovery of new treatment to quietly fatten, make blood and build up the system. Invalids caused to eat and digest enormously and gain 3 to 5 pounds per week. Vital and healing force is rapidly and powerfully increased. New life and vigor imparted the first few days. Severest cases of Consumption, bed fast and given up to die, cured in 2 to 3 months. Inflamation in the Lungs removed, Hectic Fever and Night Sweats, and Cough made loose, and easy, or checked in 36 hours. The treatment exhilerates, exalts, arouses all organs into healthy vigorous operation. It is also the greatest cure on earth for Liver, Kidney, Heart, Head, Blood Skin Female and Nervous Diseases, Seminal Weakness, all diseases of children, and the Opium Habit. We are honest in our offer, and earnestly invite you to write or come before it is too late, no matter what your disease, even if abandoned by the ablest physicians. Describe your case. Trial free to all who come here. A trial package of our medicines worth $2 to $4 sent by mail to all who send us the names and addresses of all afflicted in their vicinity and 5 cents to postage, B. S. DISPENSARY, Berrien Springs, Mich.

WOULD YOU BE RESTORED TO SOUND MANHOOD? *A Cure Guaranteed.* Sufferers from the above disease (Nervous Debility) will find permanent relief from the use of EGAN'S COMPOUND ELIXIR and ORGANIC PILLS. Not a quack nostrum but the genuine prescription used in my regular practice for the past seven years. Elixir, $2 per package or 3 for $4. Pills $1 per box, or 3 for $2. Severe cases require 3 to 5 bottles of the Elixir, with two or three boxes of the pills. Goods sent to any address on receipt of price. J. V. EGAN,
Ogdensburg, N. Y,

HATS HATS HATS

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, JULY 28., '81.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Local Department.

—A fine lot of Scrap Pictures just received at the Journal Store.

—Had a most refreshing rain Monday night. Hope Providence will send more of the same kind.

—No scrofula can be so deep seated, no sore so stubborn, but that Ayer's Sarsaparilla will be found helpful. It will effect a cure, if cure be possible.

RICE—RICE—RICE!—In order not to be undersold by anyone, Spigelmyer is selling that 7 cent Rice at 5 cts. per pound.

—You can always get the highest prices for produce at Spigelmyer's. Butter 16, Eggs 16, Lard 10, Ham 12, Shoulder 11, Side 10 cts.

—J. W. Eyer. of Buffalo valley, harvested 19,780 large wheat sheaves from 45 acres of law. A good yield, truly.

—We learn with regret that Mr. Benj. Hafely, of Aaronsburg, was severely kicked by a horse, the other day, and that he is in a dangerous condition. We did not hear the particulars.

—The Second Brigade, National Guard of Pennsylvania, Gen. James A. Beaver commanding, will have its camp this summer near Saltsburg, Indiana county, commencing August 10th, next.

—Judge Frank, John A. Miller, J. R. Brungard, George Haines and others of our Brush Valley neighbors whose names we can not recall, are off to Gettysburg to attend the Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic.

—Frank J. Schoch, Esq., and lady, of Selinsgrove, and Mr. J. F. Torbert and lady, of Coburn, are staying for a time at the Millheim Hotel. The old *Millheim* has had quite a good run of custom as summering place this season and its guests are all pleased with the treatment received.

—Rev. Wm. H. Schoch, of Forresston, Ill., a former Aaronsburg boy, paid his old home a visit last week and preached most excellent sermons both at Aaronsburg and Millheim, last Sunday. The old *burg* has reason to be proud of the ministers she has sent out.

—The public has long since awarded to Ayer's Hair Vigor the foremost place among reliable Hair Restoratives. It is effectual, agreeable and absolutely harmless. It makes the hair fresh and luxuriant, and old age scarce and unfashionable.

—Last week was not a very good one for candidates. Only two put in appearance. Their names are J. H. Holt, Esq., and Mr. Henry Beck. However, quality amply made up for lack of numbers.

—J. A. LIMBERT, the new mail contractor, has procured a fine new wagon and is prepared to carry express packages and other goods from Coburn to Woodward and all intermediate points at reasonable charges. tf

—In order to suit all tastes, preferences or prejudices, the Journal office printed and distributed something like a million of delegate election tickets. Are we not a clever, accommodating set of fellows?

—It is against the law to catch trout less than five inches long. Better carry your inch rule right with you when you go. The Journal store has them for sale—only 5 cents apiece.

—F. J. Schoch, Esq., & lady, of Selinsgrove, are now rusticating in and around Millheim. This is the very identical Frank Schoch who used to be a counter hopper here many years ago. He is now one of the leading citizens of Selinsgrove and a bank president besides.

—Neighbor Dan Musser constructed a new dam right at "Brookdale"—that's what we call it—last week. It is well made and looks well. Now if the turnpike company or the town council fix up the ragged old bridge it would still further improve our end. Is a word to the wise sufficent?

—Prof. Wm. T. Meyer will give another term of lessons in instrumental music at the following places, beginning at Rebersburg, Aug. 8th; Millheim, Aug. 9th; Coburn and Aaronsburg, Aug. 10th. Pupils will please take notice of this arrangement. 2t

BIG FIRE.—The Lock Haven paper mill was burned to the ground last Friday morning. The establishment covered over an acre of ground and cost $160,000. Insurance about $65.-000. Seventy-five hands were employed at the time of the fire and this was only about half the usual force. The factory is to be rebuilt at once.

—Prof. J. H. Kurtzenknabe, of Harrisburg, the celebrated and successful teacher of vocal music, has raised a large and promising singing class here. We are the more glad of the Professor's success among us because our singing is sadly in need of a better culture. Let parents give this matter the attention it deserves.

—The Journal Store always keeps a complete line of stationery in all its branches. Blank and memoranda books in great variety, paper of every grade and price, pencils and penholders of every description. Staffords celebrated writing fluid a speciality. tf

—THE EXCELSIOR DYE WORKS at Lewisburg turns out first class work. Shawls, dresses and men's garments will be colored and pressed in best style. Mr. Jacob Wolf is agent for Centre county. Goods left at the Journal office will be attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. tf

—We learn from a reliable source that Mr. Jas. A. McClain, one of our candidates for Register, has been promoted by the Penna. R. R. Co. to the agency at Snow Shoe, and that he has in consequence withdrawn from the canvass. Mr. McClain was the agent at Milesburg and is a tip top, first class official, but the other fellows are no doubt glad that he is out of the way, and well they may be.

—A good, kind lady who would rather not have her name mentioned, sent us a fine large slice of *Lepkuche*. We have often thought that if our friends but knew how happy these little kindnesses make us feel they would be giving us presents continually. We rejoice to know however, that some of them are learning that "it is more blessed to *give* than to receive."

A CARD.

Having been informed that a report is circulated that J. H. Reifsnyder is to be my deputy if nominated and elected to the office of Sheriff, I would simply say that I did not ask or promise the deputyship to Mr. Reifsnyder or any one else, and know that Mr. Reifsnyder would not accept the same if offered to him. I hope no one is so silly as to believe such unfounded reports.

S. K. FAUST.

For the Journal.

Respect the Dead.

It was the sad pleasure of our correspondent the other day to visit the old Penn's creek graveyard where the old church used to stand, near Mr. David J. Musser's, in Gregg township. The church has been taken away years ago, the fence has yielded to time's destroying hand and the grave yard is a common. In strolling around I found some marble and a number of brown stone head and foot stones. Among them I also found the grave of the "Rev. James Martin, pastor of the first Presbyterian congregation in Penn's valley." The grave and tombstone, like all the surroundings, are in a very dilapidated condition, and it made me feel sad to see that the last resting place of this early pioneer of the cross, and founder of Presbyterianism in the historic old valley should be so neglected. I concluded to give my Presbyterian friends a gentle reminder on the matter. Let the sacred spot be enclosed by a substantial iron fence, instead of being exposed to the devastations of animals and beasts as it now is.

TRAVELER.

—If you are a farmer it will pay you doubly, and if you are not a farmer it will pay you anyhow, to read the Farmers' Supply Store advertisement of Alexander & Co., Bellefonte, Pa. Col. Shortlidge, who has immediate charge of the store, showed us through the establishment the other day. The Col. is thoroughly at home among implements and machinery, and is well versed in agricultural science besides. He makes the adaptation and utility of implements as well as the commercial value of fertilizers special studies, and you will get the full value of your money for whatever you may purchase in either department at the Supply Store. We call the especial attention of our farmer readers to their grain drill with fertilizing attachments. It is the model machine of its kind, as you will be convinced upon trial. The clothes washer we believe to be all that is claimed for it, but will give it a practical test for our own satisfaction.

At any time you go to Bellefonte it will pay you to call at the Farmers' Supply Store and have a talk with Col. Shortlidge. 2t

—ELIAS MUSSER, at the toll gate above Millheim, is regularly authorized to keep a boarding house during the continuance of the Evangelical camp meeting. He is prepared to furnish meals, refreshments of all kinds and horse feed. The camp ground is only about a fourth of a mile from the toll gate. 2t

—Our friend Herman Witthauer gives a very doleful account of the state of affairs in Guthrie county, Iowa, where he has resided for some years. A people so afflicted should have our active sympathies in their distress.

—The firm of Musser, Weiser & Co. are hereby tendered the warmest thanks of the Mrs. Editor for a fine mess of eels. A fair stock of thanks is always kept in reserve for similar occasions.

[Ben is under no obligations this trip because he didn't get a bite. *Nuff sed.*]

—Whitcomb's Clothing and Furnishing Store, is the largest, best, fullest and cheapest establishment of its kind in Lock Haven if not in this part of the state. He is an active, wide awake businessman and buys and sells at the lowest possible price. If you go to Lock Haven by all means call and see his extensive and well selected stock of clothing, boots and shoes, Hats and other gentlemen's furnishing goods. 2t

WANTED.—From 5 to 10 bushels of potatoes and 25 bushels of corn on account at this office.

Letter from Iowa.

Ponora, Guthrie Co., Iowa.,
July 11th, 1881.

Mr. Editor:—Our crops of last summer were pretty good, notwithstanding the hot, dry and stormy weather. Winter began in the first week of November 1880, and from thence to the 10th of April 1881, we had only two clear days, on which the thermometer showed a few degrees above zero, while the rest of the time it kept at about 38 degrees below the freezing point. The first week of December it commenced to snow and continued to do so at short intervals until April 12, when we had the largest snow of all, about one foot deep. On the 18th and 17th of the same month a big freshet came on, and in consequence swollen rivers, which flooded the low lands, took away numerous bridges and dams and tore up the roads. Thousands of acres of corn remained unhusked, the sowing time had come and gone, and the workhad to be left undone. In vain we hoped for dry weather. The spring rains were as powerful and uninterrupted as the winter snows had been. At last the farmers were compelled to sow although the fields were in a very wet condition, and the result will be failing crops in most cases. Hundreds of acres of land, especially low land, were not sowed at all, while sowed land is flooded so as to render cultivation impossible. Much of our corn was only planted in the last week of June. The 12th of July will always be remembered by us as a day of sorrow and trouble. The morning of the day was beautiful, but at about 10 o'clock clouds gathered in on the western horizon, the wind coming from the north. A little before noon it commenced to rain and hail, the wind changing to a southwestern direction. It grew dark and the fiercest hailstorm I ever witnessed poured down on old mother earth. The ground in a short time was covered with about two inches of hail, but further south, where the storm raged with greater fury, the ground was covered from four to six inches deep, from as large as hen's eggs. Grain, trees and roofs were literally crushed under the weight of the hail. The people are discouraged and wear sad faces. The damage done in one vicinity is not so extensive, but in some of the surrounding parts of the country everything was destroyed. We had a great amount of rain this year, lasting whole weeks and sometimes coming down like waterspouts. Last week it stopped and got fearfully hot, the temperature rising to 108° in the shade, while on the coolest days it kept at 96°. From Saturday afternoon again up to the present time we had continuous lightning, thunder and rain, which swelled our principal river about 6 feet, took away almost all bridges and stopped communication with neighboring parts of the country. If it keeps on this way, I can not see, how we are to harvest. Wheat stands thin and short, but is filled pretty well. Corn is from a few inches to 4 feet high. The main trouble is that on account of this wet spell, there was no opportunity so far to cultivate the corn and consequently the fields are covered with weeds.

I could fill many pages more with the description of the horrible devastation out here, but will close with the heartfelt wish, that the inhabitants of Pennsylvania may be spared such afflictions.

Yours truly,
HERMAN WITTHAUER.

The Game Laws.

The amendments to the game and fish laws, which we publish to-day, permit the hunting of deer from October 1st to December 31st; prohibit trout less than five inches in length to be taken, and limit rabbit hunting from November 1st to January 1st. Bass, pike, &c., can now only be taken in season with HOOK, ROD AND LINE, thus make outline fishing for them illegal. The other parts of the act of 1878 remain in force. The laws relating to game now stand as follows:

Deer, except spotted fawns, may be killed from October 1st to December 31st. Penalty $50. Dogs running deer may be killed by any person, except in the counties where such hunting is permitted by special acts.

Squirrels may be killed from September 1st to January 1st. Penalty $5 for each squirrel.

Rabbits can be taken from November 1st to January 1st. Penalty $5.

Wild Turkeys can be taken from October 15th to January 1st. Penalty $5.

No wild fowl, which includes ducks, geese, pigeons, etc., can be killed between May and September 1st, under a penalty of $10.

Woodcock may be killed from July 4th to January 1st, and upland or grass plover from July 15th to January 1st. Penalty $10 in each case.

Partridges may be killed from October 15th to January 1st. Penalty $10.

Pheasants may be killed from October 1st to January 1st. Penalty $10.

Rail or reed birds are to be killed only during the months of September, October and November. Penalty $5.

Nets, traps, snares or torchlight are prohibited to be used in killing wild turkeys, partridges, woodcock, rail or reed birbs, under a penalty of $10, and any person may destroy such nets, traps, etc., wherever found.

Sunday hunting or fishing is prohibited under a penalty of $25.

One half the penalty goes to the informer.

News Miscellany.

Recently a prisoner was taken from the Franklin, Ga., jail, by one hundred undisguised men, tied to a stake, and slowly roasted to death on the spot where he had outraged and killed a lovly young woman.

The oldest minister in the world is believed to be Rev. John F. Adams, of the New Hampshire conference. Of the ninety-four years he has lived, sixty-nine have been spent in the ministry.

A citizen of Clinton, Iowa, flogged a teamster for flogging his horse, and received from his admiring neighbors a cane, suitably "inscribed in recognition of his humane services."

Tansy tea, poured over cabbage plants after they begin to head, is said to have been found during two seasons a sure defence against the green worm.

A MAD MAN'S ACT.

Kills His Wife and Seven Children and Then Takes His Own Life.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 19.—A Winona special says: Paul Veld, a Swiss emigrant who lately bought a farm in Eagle creek valley, became insane through the failure of crops and homesickness. On Sunday morning he was found dead in a front room of his house. His wife and two children were dead in the next room; three children were dead in a bed upstairs, the two oldest boys in the hayloft were mortally wounded. All were shot in the head. One boy may recover. A revolver was found in the house.

Various Causes—

Advancing years, care, sickness, disappointment, and hereditary predisposition—all operate to turn the hair gray, and either of them inclines it to shed prematurely. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR will restore faded or gray, light or red hair to a rich brown or deep black, as may be desired. It softens and cleanses the scalp, giving it healthy action. It removes and cures dandruff and humors. By its use falling hair is checked, and a new growth will be produced in all cases where the follicles are not destroyed or the glands decayed. Its effects are beautifully shown on brashy, weak, or sickly hair, on which a few applications will produce a gloss and freshness of youth. Harmless and cure in its operation, it is incomparable as a dressing, and is especially valued for the soft lustre and richness of tone it imparts. It contains neither oil nor dye, and will not soil color white cambric; yet it lasts long on the hair, and keeps it fresh and vigorous.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS

DIED.

For the Millheim Journal.

Died July 17th inst., at the residence of her son, Rev. W. H. Gotwold, in Milton, Pa., Susan, relict of Rev. Daniel Gotwald, aged 79 years, 8 months and 8 days. Rev. D. Gottwald removed to Aaronsburg nearly 43 years ago. He died about 38 years ago. Since which time the deceased lived in widowhood. The raising of a large family devolved upon her. She met the responsibility nobly. Three of her sons entered the Christian Ministry, one entered the Medical Profession, another entered the Union Army and died in defence of his Country. One of the daughters shared with her husband, the hardships and trials of missionary life in the west. Four of eleven children still survive to mourn the loss of an affectionate parent. Sister Gottwald was indeed a good and kind mother, an exemplary christian and a true friend. She was highly esteemed by all who knew her. The large attendance at her funeral gave evidence, that she had many friends, in and about Aaronsburg, for many years the place of her residence. The Sermon on the occasion was preached from Rev. 14:13: "Blessed are the dead, which die in the Lord, from henceforth; yea, Saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labors and their works to follow them". A mother greatly beloved has gone to her reward—her works follow her. They have been one in the Lord and will remain. She is gone, but not forgotten.

"For her no bitter tear we shed—
Her night of grief and pain is o'er—
But weep our lonely path to tread,
And see the form we loved no more."

J. T.

On the 19th inst., in Haines township, Mrs. Sarah Stover, aged 72 years, 3 months and 4 days.

"Lebt wohl und seyd gesegnet:
Was euch jetzund begegnet,
Ist andern auch geschen;
Viel mussens noch erfahren:
Nun Gott wolt euch bewaren:
Dort wollen wir uns wieder sehen." J. T.

On the 16th inst., at Centre Hall, Mr. Wm. Emerick, aged 61 years, 10 months and 20 days.

On the 21st inst., in Haines township, Mrs. Mary Bower, wife of Jacob Bower, aged 67 years, 4 months and 12 days.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday by Gephart & Musser.

Wheat No. 1	1.00
Wheat No. 2	95
Corn	45
Rye	75
Oats White	35
Oats, Black	32
Buckwheat	
Flour	5 40
Bran & Shorts, per ton	18 00
Salt, per Brl	1.75
Plaster, ground	10.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	50
Timothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	
Butter	15
Hams	12
Sides	8
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	16
Potatoes	50
Lard	10
Tallow	
Soap	6
Dried Apples	6
Dried Peaches	10
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET.

Egg Coal	$5.50
Stove "	5.75
Chestnut "	5.30
Pea "	

P. GEPHART. P. A. MUSSER

GEPHART & MUSSER

DEALERS IN

Clover
Flour, &
Feed,
Coal,
Plaster
& Salt

MILLHEIM PA.,

Highest market price paid for all kinds of

GRAIN

Delivered either at the BRICK MILL or at the old MUSSER MILL, in MILLHEIM.

COAL, PLASTER & SALT

Always on hand and sold at prices that defy competition.

A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited. 39-1y

UNIVERSITY AT LEWISBURG, PA.

THE COLLEGE, - REV. D. J. HILL, President

THE ACADEMY, - WM. E. MARTIN, Principal

THE INSTITUTE, - JONATHAN JONES,

Opens Sept. 8th.

For Catalogues, address as above.

1881. MIDSUMMER. 1881.

H. R. WHITCOMB,

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

Takes this method to announce to the people of Penns. Brush and Sugar Valleys that after a highly successful season he still has,

25,000 WORTH OF CLOTHING,

to select from, and in order to reduce this large stock quickly he has reduced his prices from 10 to 50 per cent.

We have revolutionized the Clothing business in Lock Haven. You can get as good a suit from us as any tailor can make, and at less than half the price; and for style and fit they are often superior. Boys like stylish suits as well as men, and we have them in all grades.

Boys Clothing is a Specialty With Us.

No use looking for better goods for boys than we have—you can't find them. No living man shall be allowed to give their customers better value for their money than can always be found at my store. And where is the mother that likes to make children's clothes? Can't make them fit. "Never look well", is the complaint of every one. We've got all grades and they are just cute and nobby as they can be. A change of weather means a change of clothes; a change of clothes requires a change of patterns and styles of materials. The house that has the choicest and newest changes in styles and patterns is likely to secure the greatest number of new customers and best please and retain its old patrons. In these days it is not everything that looks like clothing that will sell, but in the keen competition between different houses it will be the survival of the fittest.

OUR CLOTHING IS

Unequalled in Quality,
Unexcelled in Style,
Unexceptional in Fit.

And the people have, by a large majority, decided to patronize

WHITCOMB.

We have a much larger stock of new style Hats than all the other stores in Lock Haven together, and our prices are always the lowest. Full stock of Trunks, Bags, &c. Gents' Furnishings, a large line of

BOOTS & SHOES

sold at from 10 to 25 per cent. cheaper than anywhere else in this section. Call and see us. Special prices to parties from a distance.

WHITCOMB,
BIG FLAG SIGN,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

BEE HIVE

Dry Goods House of Lock Haven for

SPRING AND SUMMER OF 1881.

Never since the establishment of this great Dry Goods House have we done such an extensive business as we have done this spring. We will in a few days open our fourth immense stock for the Spring and Summer of 1881. The people of Lock Haven, Clinton and Centre counties are showing their great appreciation of the wonderful bargains we are offering in our entire stock. First class goods, only honest dealing, no misrepresentations and low prices always win. This is the motto on which we have built up our enormous trade and will here say that we fully appreciate the liberal patronage of the People in sustaining a first class Dry Goods Store in Lock Haven, which it has been our humble effort for some years to establish.

Our Dress Goods DEPARTMENT

is especially attractive and excels any effort we ever made in Fineness of Stock, richness of Patterns and in its great variety.

500 YARDS BEAUTIFUL

SUMMER SILKS

at 40, 45 and 50 cts per yard. Beautiful Black Dress Silks at 75 cts a yard. Heavy Gros Grain at 1.25 warranted not to crack or wear glossey. Beautiful Brocades in Black and all Colors. All colros of Satins and Dress Silks. 1000 yards Best Lawns in remnants from 3 to 15 yards. 9 cts, worth 15 cts.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Black and Colored Cashmeres

ever shown in Lock Haven at astonishingly low prices, and all the new Styles of Dress Goods to be found in any city store. 500 yards of the best Pantings for Men and Boys' wear, ever shown in this city. 10000 yds. Bleached and Brown Muslins to be sold at wholesale prices. 6000 yds. best Calico warranted fast colors at 4½ cts. Great bargains in Table Linen, Tickings and Towlings, &c. 200 Parasols 25 per cent less than usual price. 1000 Paire Ladies Lisle Thread and Kid Gloves at prices that will astonish any one who is a judge of their value. An immense stock of Stockings, Laces, Ribbons, &c.

CARPETS, CARPETS, CARPETS.

Never was there shown in Lock Haven such a stock of Body Brussels Tapestry Brussel, 3 ply and Ingrain Carpet, as we show this season and our trade is really immense on them. Beautiful Carpets from 20 cts. a yard up wards.

Come, See and be Convinced

that the Bee Hive Store offers decided advantage over every store in Central Pennsylvania in everything in the dry goods line. Everybody welcome to the BEE HIVE, 65 MAIN STREET

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

J. J. EVERETT,
Proprietor.

WANTED: 10000 lbs. good tub washed wool for cash or exchange for these great bargains.

DOMESTIC

IT STANDS at THE HEAD

D. S. M. CO., New York. I AM THE LIGHT RUNNING DOMESTIC M. S. M. CO., Chicago.

SO LIGHT
A Child can Run it.
SO SIMPLE
It Requires No Care.
SO STRONG
It Never Wears Out.

DOMESTIC

LADIES!

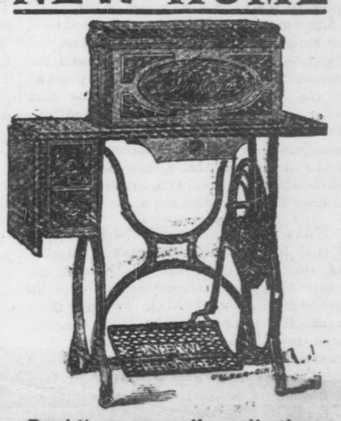
USE "Domestic" Paper Fashions

1826 LADIES' DOLMAN. 9 Sizes. 30 to 46 Inches, Bust Measure. Price, 30 Cents.

They are especially designed to meet the requirements of those who desire to dress well. They are unsurpassed in Style, perfect in Fit, and so simple that they are readily understood by the most inexperienced. Send 5c. for catalogue. Address,

"Domestic" Fashion Co.,
NEW YORK.

THE ONLY PERFECT
SEWING MACHINE.
THE LIGHT-RUNNING
NEW HOME



Rapidly superceding all others wherever introduced.

Pronounced by an army of happy purchasers to be the BEST.

The NEW HOME is positively The Simplest, Easiest Running, Most Reliable, and Most Durable Sewing Machine ever invented.

It operates Quickly, Quietly, and without fatigue to the operator.

Full information, Descriptive Catalogues, &c., free on application.

JOHNSON, CLARK & CO.
30 Union Square, N. Y.
And Orange, Mass.

Hills Archimedean Lawn Mower Co.
Of Hartford, Conn,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
NEW ARCHIMEDEAN
and CHARTER OAK
Lawn Mowers.

These Mowers have become celebrated throughout the World, where lawns are cultivated, as being the most perfect and desirable Lawn Mowers ever made. They stand at the head of the list of Lawn Mowers in the U. S. and Europe. They contain all the improvements that experience in their manufacture can suggest; are beautifully finished, thoroughly made and do splendid work on every variety of lawn.

Hand Mower Sizes, from 8 to 18 inches. Pony and Horse Sizes, 24, 28 and 32 inches. Send for Circulars.

SOLD BY OUR AGENTS EVERYWHERE.
21-3m

D. R. V. G. CURES Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and all trouble arising therefrom such as Sick Headache, Distress after Eating, Pains in the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Rapid Consumption, Piles, Aches in the Back and Limbs. It is the best Blood Purifier in the World. Guaranteed by all Druggists to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Try it. Our Vitalizing Tonic Bitters—the best appetizer in the World. Call for D. R. V. G. Mfg. Co., Prop'rs, 314 Washington St., BOSTON, MASS. New York Depot, [illegible]

GILMORE & CO.
LAW & COLLECTION HOUSE,
629 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Make Collections, Negotiate Loans and attend to all business confided to them. LAND SCRIP, Soldier's Additional Homestead Right and LAFY WARRANTS bought and sold.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

AGRICULTURAL.

OLD SCYTHES MADE USEFUL.—A. J. F. Howard writes: "Having, like almost every other farmer, a number of old scythes, some of which are not much worn, and having last winter a little leisure, I made some very useful and handy tools, and without any outlay. To make a bill hook I cut off 20 inches of the point of an old scythe, leaving 15 inches for the blade. The handle is made by cutting away the edge or blade part of the scythe, leaving the back, around which cloth was wound, until it was of sufficient size, when it was covered with leather. For a drawing knife, which I find useful in making handles to tools, etc., I use 24 inches of an old scythe, 12 inches for the blade, and 6 inches at each end for the handles. With a cold chisel I cut away the blade portion of the scythe at the ends, and bent the back which can be done without heating. The handles may be made of cloth and leather, as for the bill hook, or of wood. A knife for paring apples, cutting turnip tops, and many other uses. This is made from the end of a scythe, 4 inches for the blade. I cut the back of the scythe entirely away, using only the thin part, then took a piece of wood—an old broom handle will do—and with a fine saw I made a cut in the end to admit the end of the blade, which was fastened on by rivets. A chopping knife for cutting meat, apples, etc. For this knife I used 12 inches of the middle of a scythe, leaving 4 inches for the cutting surface in the centre of the piece. The 4 inches on each end had the blade removed, and were turned at right angles to the central portion, with the ends passing into a wooden handle." But very few tools are required in making the articles above described, and any farmer, during a rainy day or two, may construct them from an old scythe, and at no outlay of money.

THE AGE OF FOWLS.—If a hen's spur is hard and the scales on the legs rough, she is old whether you see her head or not, but her head will corroborate your observation. If the under bill is so stiff that you cannot bend it down, and the comb thick and rough, no matter how fat and plump, leave her for some one less particular. A young hen has the rudiments of spurs; the scales on the legs are smooth, glossy and fresh colored, whatever the color may be; the claws tender and short, the nails sharp, the under bill soft and the comb thin and smooth. An old hen turkey has rough scales on the legs, callosities on the soles of the feet, and long strong claws; a young one the reverse of all those marks. When the feathers are on the old turkey cock has a long tuft or beard; a young one but a sprouting one; and when they are off the smooth scales on the legs decide the point, besides the difference in the size of the wattles of the neck and in the elastic shoot upon the nose. An old goose, when alive, is known by the rough legs, the strength of the wings, particularly at the pinions, the thickness and strength of the bill, and the fineness of the feathers; and when plucked by the legs, the tenderness of the skin under the wings, by the pinions and bill, and the coarseness of the skin. Ducks are distinguished by the same means, but there is the difference that a duckling's bill is much longer in proportion to the breadth of its head than the old duck's.

WHAT SIZE TREES TO BUY.—Purchasers of trees often make the mistake of supposing that the larger the tree bought the greater the gain. Nurserymen, who of all men should know as to this, say that there is absolutely nothing gained by buying large trees. This applies of course in a general sense. If a tree could be removed every few years, so as to have an abundance of fibrous, or small roots, there would be no check on removal, and such a tree would never become too large to move profitably. The general run of trees are not treated thus, and so, the larger the trees the less likely is it to have many roots, and as a consequence the tree must either be pruned back severely, or let alone to make a weak growth, and perhaps die. The best way is to get a medium tree, treat it well, and it will give far more satisfaction than a large one would have done, without much doubt.

A GOOD garden is one of the best investments a farmer can make, paying both in pleasure and in profit. Not a stingy little garden, to furnish greens for the chickens, but a broad well kept garden, with everything planted in long rows that may be kept clean by the frequent use of a cultivator. Let this garden be filled with all the improved varieties of garden sauce that shall add to the relish and digestibility, and force-giving value of the farmer's table. Plant sweet corn every two weeks for a succession.

A TEASPOONFUL of powdered charcoal, a quart of bran, and refuse from the table, mixed and moistened with water, are the ingredients of a capital egg-producing food for hens.

ONE good farmer says that he purchases in the summer his mill feed for his stock, when it is cheaper than it is in the winter.

A Japanese Bronze Worker.—The most skilful bronze worker in Japan, and one of the most skilful of workers in metal that Japan has ever possessed, is said to be a Kiyoto artisan named Zoroku. His specialty is inlaying with silver and gold, an art which he carries to such perfection that his pieces are scarcely distinguishable from the *chefs-d'œuvre* of the Min period. What one sees on going into his *atelier* is a very old man—some 65 or 70—peering through a pair of huge horn spectacles at a tiny incense-burner or still tinier flower vase, from whose frets and diapers he is paring away with marvelous patience, an almost imperceptible roughness or excrescence. Beside him winter and summer alike, stands a brazier with a slow charcoal fire, over which an iron netting supports one or two bronze vessels similar to that he holds in his hand. Plainly these bronzes are being subjected to a slow process of baking, and if you watch for a moment, marveling at the purpose of a proceeding which seems only calculated to mar the fair surface of the metal, you shall presently see the old man dip a feather into a vessel filled with greenish liquor, and touch the heated bronze here and there with the most delicate and dexterous care. This liquid is acetate of copper, and this patent process, which you see repeated perhaps twenty or thirty times during a visit of twice as many minutes, will be continued in the same untiring fashion for a half a year to come, after which a month's rubbing and polishing will turn out a bronze rich in green and russet tints that might, and indeed must, you would fancy, have been produced by centuries of slowly toiling time.

From a telegraphic dispatch it appears that a Favre secondary battery was sent charged to Glasgow, Scotland, and tested with astonishing results by Sir. Wm. Thompson and others. Before saying anything about the actual or prospective merits of this apparatus here and now, it is thought best to await the arrival of printed accounts of what the Glasgow physicists have done with it and what they observed.

The moon, though apparently as large as the sun, is in reality the smallest heavenly body visible to the unaided eye. Her diameter is 2164 miles.

DOMESTIC.

MOTH KILLERS.—The aromatic preservatives which have been used from time immemorial are of a character not at all destined to kill, but merely to annoy the pests. Camphor, pepper, naphtha, carbolic acid, etc., are efficacious in preventing the moth laying its eggs within scenting distance of the odors, but none of these will destroy the eggs already laid or the larvæ developed from them. On the other hand, arsenic, alum, soaps, shaving powder, potash and common salt will usually kill the eggs in the incipient or primeval condition of transformation, and the larvæ are also invariably exterminated by them. There are many kinds of mixtures used, but their practical effect is not satisfactory. The substances which hinder the laying of eggs are preferable, perhaps, to those which will kill the larvæ, on the principle that "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." It is the odorous substances, solely, which take effect upon the moth; coal tar, for instance. The most successful moth-destroying compound is naphtha, a constituent of coal tar of a pungent, dissgreeable odor. It evaporates slowly, and, used in ordinary quantities, is not injurious to the health. Neither is it injurious to the fabric to which it is applied. Naphtha, in its unvarnished condition, is one of the best extirpator known to entomological science, and can be successfully used where other expedients fail.

HOW TO BOIL AND STEW.—To do either the food must be immersed at the beginning in actually boiling water, and the water must be allowed to reach the boiling point again immediately, and to boil for five minutes. The action of the boiling water upon the surface of either meat or vegetables is to harden it slightly, enough to prevent the escape of either juice or mineral salts. After the pot containing the food has begun to boil the second time, it should be removed to the side of the fire and allowed to simmer until it is done. This simmering or stewing extracts all the nutricious qualities of either meat or vegetables. The pot should be kept closely covered unless for a moment when it is necessary to remove the scum. The steam will condense upon the inside of the cover, and fall back into the pot in drops of moisture. If the boiling is slow, do not think that rapid boiling cooks faster than the gentle process recommended. After the pot once boils you can not make its contents cook any faster if you have fire enough under it to run a steam engine. Remember if you boil meat hard and fast it will be tough and tasteless, and most of its goodness will go up the chimney or out the window with the steam.

TO MAKE CREAM SAUCE FOR PUDDING.—To make a bowlful of cream sauce take a piece of butter the size of a small egg and beat it up with powdered sugar until it is a light cream. Then set it aside. Then into a small tin saucepan put a coffee-cupful of water, and add to it a teaspoonful of flour mixed in a little water. Cook this thoroughly until it is like thin starch. Then take up the butter and sugar mixture, and, while you are beating it energetically, let some one pour into it slowly and gradually the hot flour-sauce. If the beating is not stopped for a moment the whole sauce will rise and be foamy as sea-froth. Flavor with wine, brandy or vanilla, as preferred. This is the best sauce made. Potato flour is sometimes used instead of wheat flour.

TO GIVE PINE AN OAK COLOR.—Wash the wood carefully in a solution of copperas dissolved in strong lye, in the proportion of a pound of copperas to a gallon of lye; when the wood is dry after having been thus thoroughly saturated with this wash, oil it, and it will look fresh and nice for a year or two, when it can be restrained and again oiled. Often, when not subjected to hard usage, the color will remain undimmed for several years, only requiring to be oiled occasionally. The color may be put on with a short-bristled brush, or, the hands being protected with thin buckskin gloves, the wash may be applied with a cloth, which will saturate the wood more evenly. It will blister the hands if they are not protected.

CLAM SOUP.—Boil three minutes a quart of clams with their liquor and a pint of water. Strain them, take off the beards and return to the fire the hard portions and the liquor. Add two or three sprigs of parsley, a small piece of onion, a blade of mace and a little thyme. Let it cook slowly for half an hour. Cook together in a saucepan a piece of butter the size of an egg and a large tablespoon of flour. Add to this when done a pint of hot rich milk, then the clam liquor strained, then the soft parts of the clams which you have reserved. Season with salt and cayenne pepper, let the whole become well mixed and serve.

HICKORY-NUT cookies which will delight the souls or stomachs of children are easily made. Take two cups of sugar, two eggs, half a cupful of melted butter, six tablespoonfuls of milk, or a little more than a third of a cup, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, half a teaspoonful of soda, one cup of chopped meats stirred into the dough.

WHEN cooking asparagus be sure to put salt in the water; put in almost enough to season it with. The asparagus will cook quicker and be more tender. A solution of salt and water boils at a higher temperature than water alone; consequently a little salt should be added to the water in which any vegetable is cooked.

THE little boxes of thin wood which are used to carry butter or lard in, when covered with cambric or silk, make pretty work boxes. Small peach baskets, painted and lined with a bright color, are ornamental and convenient, beside affording the satisfaction which comes from making something from nothing.

A TEASPOONFUL of black pepper will prevent gray or buff linen from spotting, if stirred into the water in which they are washed. It will also prevent the colors running, when washing black or colored cambrics, or muslins, and the water is not injured by it, but just as soft as before the pepper was put in.

BY omitting shortening—that is, both butter and lard—from any good fried cake recipe, and using in place of it a cup of sweet milk, the cakes will be light and almost entirely free from grease. Take care to have the lard in which they are fried very hot.

A LUMP of bread about the size of a billiard ball, tied up in a linen bag and placed in the pot in which greens are boiling, will absorb the gases which oftentimes send such an unpleasant odor to the regions above.

To keep your knives and forks from rusting, make a flannel bag, stitch from top to bottom, an inch and a half apart, a dozen times, making a receptacle for each. Boil and keep in a dry place.

WIT AND HUMOR.

A CERTAIN Galvestonian was not expected to live. He had a neighbor with whom he had been on bad terms for many years, and after whose condition he made inquiry of a mutual friend when he heard of the illness.

"I'm glad to see you feel" a kindly interest in him, but I am afraid he is sinking fast," responded the mutual friend.

"He is, is he? Well, I am not surprised, I always thought that was about the direction he would go when he died."

THERE is a certain Galveston family that does not attend church as regularly as they should, but they send the oldest boy every Sunday to keep up appearances. Last Sunday the head of the family said: "Go dress yourself boy; it's time for you to go to church." "I would like to know," responded the boy, sulkily, "why I am the only one in this family who has got to be religious?" "Because you need it most, you scoundrel—that's why!" thundred the stern parent, feeling for the young martyr's hair.

(Indianapolis, Indiana, Farmer.)

Everybody Right.

When every one says a "thing is so, it must be so." On this point Mr. A. H. Lyman, Druggist, Manistee, Mich., writes: Every one who tries St. Jacob's Oil, says that it is the best remedy ever used for rheumatism. Mr. White, a customer, after having employed every known specific for rheumatism was cured by St. Jacob's Oil.

A CONTEMPORARY has been asked: "Can a man belong to a brass band and be a Christian?" It replies: "We see no impediment in the way. But if he is a member of a brass band, and is given to practising on a cornet or trombone at home it is a very difficult thing for the man living next door to be a Christian."

A STORY is told of an old gentleman who always took notes of his minister's sermons, and on one occasion read them to the minister himself. "Stop, stop!" said he, at the occurrence of a certain sentence; "I didn't say that." "I know you didn't," was the reply; "I put that in myself to make sense."

DAUGHTER—"Well, mother, when I grow up, I shall have my boots as I want them." Mother—"Yes, my dear, I suspect when you get older you will walk yourself into the grave." Daughter—"Perhaps I may, but, anyway, I shall look well while I'm walking there."

"I'm always disgusted at these round dances," remarked the elderly Miss Wallflower at the ball. "I think it not only very stupid, this hugging and twirling around, but a wicked waste of time." Said Fogg, *sotto voce*, "Nobody to hug her poor thing. Anybody who attempted it would find it a waist of time, I guess."

[Fall River, (Mass.) Daily Herald.]

Barnard Manufacturing Company.

Mr. Isaac L. Hart, Superintendent, No. 3 Ashton street, says: I have used that superior remedy, St. Jacob's Oil in a severe case of rheumatism in my arm, and its effect was wonderful, having banished, after a thorough trial, all pain leaving my arm as well as ever.

M. FEBRE, a French naturalist, says that the wasp is endowed with more cunning than any other insect on wings. We don't see anything so very cunning in a wasp lifting a man off a bench in a park. An earthquake does the same thing, and makes no pretensions to fun.

LAST evening a Whitehall chap, dressed in his best clothes and lavender pants, was on his way to see his sweetheart, when an old bell wether went for him and butted him head over heels into a mud puddle. His visit was postponed on account of the wether.

ELECTRICITY, it is now claimed, can be condensed and bottled the same as beer. The next great discovery will be that one drop of it will blow the worst case of colic to pieces in five seconds. Before giving it to a baby place the infant in a strong iron box so that the fragments can be saved for burial.

MAJOR, I see two cocktails carried to your room every morning, as if you had some one to drink with." "Yes, sir; one cocktail makes me feel like another man, and of course I'm bound to treat the other man.

A Losing Joke.

A prominent physician of Pittsburg said jokingly to a lady patient who was complaining of her continued ill health, and of his inability to cure her, "try Hop Bitters!" The lady took it in earnest and used the Bitters, from which she obtained permanent health. She now laughs at the doctor for his joke, but he is not so well pleased with it as it cost, him a good patient.

SOME people are very hard to convince, "Why, I thought you were dead," said a gentleman to a neighbor.

"Well, you see the report was false," was the rejoinder.

"I don't know about that," continued the man of obstinacy. "The person who told me never yet deceived me, and I can't say as much for you."

"DON'T give your arm to a man—take his. If you let him take yours he will give your arm many a loving squeeze and twist that he should have no opportunity of doing." "Oh, yes, just because you're married and settled down you don't want the other girls to have any fun. That's always the way.

"SHALL I read you a pretty story, Effie?" "Has it got a moral in it?" "Yes, darling." "Then, Mumsey, I'd rather not. A story with a moral is like jam with a powder in it!"

A POOR copying-clerk at the French Minister of the Interior was lately asked what place he occupied there. "Oh, a very good place," he replied—"between the stove and the window!"

Habitual Costiveness

is the bane of nearly every American woman. From it usually arises those disorders that so surely undermine their health and strength. Every woman owes it to herself and to her family to use that celebrated medicine Kidney-Wort. It is the sure remedy for constipation, and for all disorders of the kidneys and liver. Try it in liquid or dry form. Equally efficient in either.—*Boston Sunday Budget.*

YOU can tell a merciful farmer as soon as he stops his team at a post. He takes the blanket off his wife's lap and spreads it over the poor horses.

PUT a rich man on mule-back and the mule will throw him just as quickly as he would a beggar.

LIKE the dog in the manger, the nose is above kissing and is always ready to interfere with the kissing of others.

A SLIVER in your hand is worse than two thousand in the hand of your friend.

Vegetine

Cured Her.

BELLEVUE, Ky.

DR. H. R. STEVENS—DEAR SIR: I must state that your Vegetine deserves to be called a valuable blood purifier, renovator and Invigorator of the whole system. My wife suffered for a length of time with a scrofula sore on the leg. She took several bottles of Vegetine. The results were surprising; it cured her, while all the former remedies failed to give satisfaction.

Respectfully, T. F. TRICK.

I know the above to be true.

HENRY WERTHMEIER,
Druggist and Apothecary, 139 Monmouth St.

Vegetine—For eradicating all impurities of the blood from the system, it has no equal. It has never failed to effect a cure, giving tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease.

Vegetine.

Purifies the Blood.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 13, 1877.

MR. H. R. STEVENS—Dear Sir: I have been using Vegetine for some time with the greatest satisfaction, and can highly recommend it as a great cleanser and purifier of the blood.

J. L. HANAFORD,
Pastor of Egleston Square M. E. Church.

Nervousness, and all derangements of the nervous system, are usually connected with a diseased condition of the blood. Debility is a frequent accompaniment. The first thing to be done is to improve the condition of the blood. This is accomplished by taking Vegetine. It is a nerve medicine, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

Thousands Speak—Vegetine is acknowledged and recommended by physicians and apothecaries to be the best purifier and cleanser of the blood yet discovered, and thousands speak in its praise who have been restored to health.

Vegetine.

Prepared by

H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON, MASS.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN. MASS.,

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS

The Traveler who Wisely Provides

Against the contingency of illness by taking with him Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, has occasion to congratulate himself on his foresight, when he sees others who have neglected to do so suffering from some one of the maladies for which it is a remedy and preventive. Among these are fever and ague, biliousness, constipation and rheumatism. Diseases often attendant upon a change of climate or unwonted diet. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. **Take no other.**

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

All above sold by druggists.
Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

217

YOUNG MEN Learn Telegraphy! Earn $40 to $100 a month. Graduates guaranteed paying offices. Address VALENTINE BROS., Janesville, Wisconsin.

ALLEN'S Brain Food cures Nervous Debility and Weakness of Generative Organs, $1—all druggists. Send for circular to Allen's Pharmacy, 318 First Avenue, N. Y.

ONLY 25 Cents for a White Handled Two-Bladed Knife. Miniature Battery Co., Philad'a, Pa.

MIRTHFUL MORSELS, a splendid Humorous Paper on trial 3 months for 3c. Miniature Battery Co., Philad'a, Pa.

Those answering an Advertisement will confer a favor upon the Advertiser and the Publisher by stating that they saw the advertisement in this journal (naming the paper).

A LITTLE boy entered a fish market the other day, and seeing for the first time a pile of lobsters lying on the counter, looked intently at them for some time, when he exclaimed: "Them's the biggest grasshoppers I've ever seen."

Advertising Cheats.

It has become so common to write the beginning of an elegant, interesting article and then run it into some advertisement that we avoid all such cheats and simply call attention to the merits of Hop Bitters in as plain, honest terms as possible, to induce people to give them one trial, as no one who knows their value will ever use anything else.

A YOUNG lady to an orthodox old lady—"I declare, you are a dreadful fanatic, Mrs. McCizzen. I do believe you think that nobody will be saved but you and your minister! Old lady—"Aweel, my dear, ah whiler hae my doots about the meenister."

THE only hope of bald heads—CARBOLINE, a deodorized extract of petroleum. Every objection removed by recent improvement. It is now faultless. The only cure for baldness and the most delicate hair dressing known.

A GEORGIA negro twisted a mule's tail to urge it over the fence. The small attendance at the funeral the next day showed that the people didn't care if he did twist the mule's tail.

A YOUNG lady wrote some verses for a country paper about her birthday, and headed them "May 30th." It almost made her hair turn gray when it appeared in print, "My 30th."

VEGETINE.—This preparation is scientifically and chemically combined, and so strongly concentrated from roots, herbs and barks, that its good effects are realized immediately after commencing to take it.

To avoid being cheated in a horse trade, be sure that your horse is absolutely worthless. This simple rule never fails.

DOCTORS and lawyers foe-males.

Children are cured of bed-wetting by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It is stated that the Palestine Exploration Fund's expedition has recently received a gift of $500 toward the expenses of work east of the Jordan, from the Council of the British Geographical Society.

Those subject to costiveness should at once try "Sellers' Liver Pills." 25c. per box. Sold by all druggists.

From the nodule of chromite in the interior of the meteorite iron of Cohahuila, Mexico, Dr J. Lawrence Smith of Louisville, Ky., has obtained on analysis of it, 62 61 of oxide of chromium and 33.82 of ferrous oxide.

"Female complaints" are the result of impure blood. Use "Lindsey's Blood Searcher."

Entomological specimens may be instantly and easily killed by dropping a bit of chloroform on the insect's head. No fluttering or relaxation of the muscles is perceptible.

Flies and Mosquitoes.

15c. box 'Rough on Rats" keeps a house free from flies, bed-bugs, roaches, rats, mice, &c.

MESSRS. MORGAN & BEADLY, Mutual Life Building, Tenth and Chestnut streets, have on hand a superb stock of extra fine quality Diamonds, which they offer at as low prices as stones of the first quality, perfect alike in color and shape, can be sold for.

Don't Get The Chills.

If you are subject to Ague you must be sure to keep your liver, bowels and kidneys in good free condition. When so, you will be safe from all attacks. The remedy to use is Kidney-Wort. It is the best preventative of all malarial diseases that you can take. See advertisement in another column.

Card Collectors!

1st. Buy seven bars **Dobbins' Electric Soap** of your Grocer.

2d Ask him to give you a bill of it.

3d Mail us his bill and your full address.

4th. We will mail **YOU FREE** seven beautiful cards, in six colors and gold, representing Shakspeare's "Seven Ages of Man."

I. L. CRAGIN & CO.,

116 South Fourth Street,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

AGENTS WANTED FOR
BIBLE REVISION

The best and cheapest illustrated edition of the Revised New Testament. Millions of people are waiting for it. Do not be deceived by the Cheap John publishers of inferior editions. See that the copy you buy contains **150** fine engravings on steel and wood. Agents are coining money selling this edition. Send for circulars. Address

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

RUPERTUS' Celebrated Single Breech Loading Shot Guns at $12 up.

Double Barrel Breech Loaders at $20 up.

Muzzle and Breech-Loading Guns, Rifles and Pistols *of most approved English and American makes.* **All kinds of Sporting Implements** and articles required by Sportsmen and Gunmakers. **Colt's New Breech-Loading Double Guns at $50 up.**

JOS. C. GRUBB & CO., 712 Market St. Philadelphia, Pa.

Send stamp for Price-List.

CANCER INSTITUTE. Prof. Kline, by his lectures, investigations, scientific treatments and immense practice, stands pre-eminently unrivaled, and is acknowledged authority on Cancer and its kindred. The most extraordinary cures by his great *Chemical Cancer Antidotes* are recorded. *No knife, caustics, loss of blood or fearful treatments* required in removing the largest of Cancers or Tumors. For particulars, send for free treatise or call on DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Ulcer of Eye, Face, Lips, Jaw Bones, Last Stage of Mouth.

Tongue, Throat, Lip, Jaw Bones, Last Stage of Mouth.

WAS CURED

St. Jacobs Oil

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a SAFE, SURE, SIMPLE and CHEAP External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 CENTS, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. DIRECTIONS IN ELEVEN LANGUAGES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

THE GREAT GERMAN
REMEDY
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
SCIATICA,
LUMBAGO,
BACKACHE,
GOUT,
SORENESS OF THE CHEST,
SORE THROAT,
QUINSY,
SWELLINGS AND SPRAINS,
FROSTED FEET AND EARS,
BURNS AND SCALDS,
General Bodily Pains,
TOOTH, EAR AND HEADACHE, AND
ALL OTHER PAINS AND ACHES.

KIDNEY-WORT

DOES WONDERFUL CURES! WHY?

Because it acts on the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Disorders and Female Complaints.

SEE WHAT PEOPLE SAY:

Eugene B. Stork, of Junction City, Kansas, says, Kidney-Wort cured him after regular Physicians had been trying for four years.

Mrs. John Arnall, of Washington, Ohio, says her boy was given up to die by four prominent physicians and that he was afterwards cured by Kidney-Wort.

M. M. B. Goodwin, an editor in Chardon, Ohio, says he was not expected to live, being bloated beyond belief, but Kidney-Wort cured him.

Anna L. Jarrett of South Salem, N. Y., says that seven years suffering from kidney troubles and other complications was ended by the use of Kidney-Wort.

John B. Lawrence of Jackson, Tenn., suffered for years from liver and kidney troubles and after taking "barrels of other medicines," Kidney-Wort made him well.

Michael Coto of Montgomery Center, Vt., suffered eight years with kidney difficulty and was unable to work. Kidney-Wort made him "well as ever."

KIDNEY-WORT

PERMANENTLY CURES KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, Constipation and Piles.

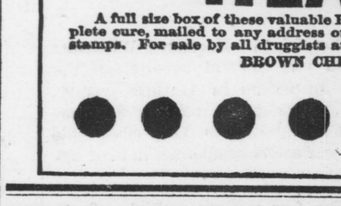
☞ It is put up in Dry Vegetable Form in tin cans, one package of which makes six quarts of medicine. Also in Liquid Form, very Concentrated, for those that cannot readily prepare it.

☞ *It acts with equal efficiency in either form.*

GET IT AT THE DRUGGISTS. PRICE, $1.00

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Prop'rs,
(Will send the dry post-paid.) BURLINGTON, VT.

Payne's Automatic Engines



Established 1840

Reliable, Durable and Economical, *will furnish a horse power with ½ less fuel and water than any other Engine built,* not fitted with an Automatic Cut-off. Send for Illustrated Catalogue "J" for Information and Prices. E. W. PAYNE & SONS, Box 860. Corning, N. Y.

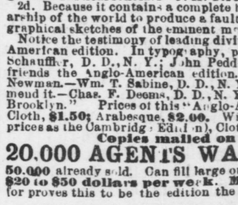
The Farquhar Separator
(Warranted)

Penna. Agricultural Works, York, Pa. Lightest draft most durable, simplest, most economical and perfect in cap. Wastes no grain, cleans it ready for market.

Steam Engines, Horse Power and Threshers of all kinds. Illustrated Catalogue.

Send for illustrated Catalogue, address as Dr. Farquhar, York, Pa.

The Electric Wonder.



Manufactured under U. S. and Royal Letters Patent.

THIS COMB (especially the Cures that result from its use) is the WONDER OF THE 19TH CENTURY. It is imbued and charged with "ODIC FORCE," a new ELECTRO PHYSIOLOGICAL POWER, which imparts to the Scalp new Life and Vigor, gives to the Hair a perfectly healthy tone, preventing its falling out or turning gray. Will, in a short time, cure the most distressing NEURALGIA or RHEUMATISM in the SCALP, or PAINS in any part of the Head. To show its power and ELECTRIC CURRENT, or "Odic Force," ask your druggist or dealer to let you test it with his GALVANOMETER. **These Combs are very much stronger and twice as durable as any other Comb.**

Prices: In CELLULOID, of finest quality, highly polished, 8-inch, curved, straight or slightly tapered, $1.25. For finest finished HARD RUBBER, 8¼-inch, $1.00. 8-inch Rubber Comb, 75 cents. Sent, postpaid, on receipt of Stamps, Postal Money Order or Registered Letter. For full particulars and terms to Agents, address

LONDON ELECTRIC FABRIC CO., P. O. Box 4048. 144 Duane St., New York.

DR. R. C. FLOWER,

The Great Healer and World Renowned Magnetist.

OFFICE and RESIDENCE:

1013 RACE Street, Philadelphia,
AND
5 West 22d Street, New York.

Dr. Flower has treated and cured within the last year upwards of thirteen thousand patients, including all character of diseases. Hundreds and thousands of these persons have been brought to the Doctor's office on beds of sickness, and almost in the throes of death.

The Philadelphia *Sunday Mercury*, of Nov. 14, 1880, says: "Dr. Flower, the world-renowned magnetist, 1013 Race street, is performing wonderful cures at his residence."

The Philadelphia *Record*, of Dec. 21, 1880, says: "Dr. Flower has demonstrated that his method of treating diseases, his superior and matchless power over all other systems of healing which have failed, has proved that disease has a dangerous enemy in the Doctor, and the old system of drugs a dangerous rival."

The Philadelphia *Times* of November 16, 1880 says: "Dr. Flower's extraordinary cures are wonderful indeed, and outside of the ordinary medical wonders."

The Philadelphia Sunday *Item* of Nov. 14, 1880, says: "The cures effected by Dr. Flower within the last week are truly miraculous. Disease has been brought to a stand-still by this wonderful man."

The Philadelphia *Mercury* of Nov. 21, 1880, says: "Over two hundred and fifty patients were turned away last week by Dr. Flower."

Dr. Girard, of New York, once opposed to Dr. Flower's system, after investigating the same for himself, declared through the press "that in the work of healing—the work which I am compelled to believe, Dr. Flower has been called to and seems to be more than man in this work. He must be the wonder of wonders. I have seen him cure the dying instantly, and bring them from the throes of death in a few minutes."

Dr. Flower can be consulted at either of the above places, either through correspondence or by personal application. If a personal interview is desired, arrangements should be made in advance.

NOVELLO!

DITSON & CO. are the sole agents for the United States for the magnificent Novello List of Oratorios, Operas, Glees, Part-songs, &c. The separate Anthems, Choruses, or Glees, cost but 6 cents to 10 cents each, and are very largely used for occasional singing. The following are excellent and practical instructive works, and are called "Primers," but are really a great deal more:

1.	RUDIMENTS OF MUSIC. By Cummings,	$ 50
2.	ART OF PIANO PLAYING. By Pauer.	1.00
3.	THE ORGAN. By Stainer.	1.00
4.	SINGING. By Randegger.	2.00
5.	MUSICAL FORMS. By Pauer.	1.00
6.	HARMONY. By Stainer.	1.00
7.	INSTRUMENTATION. By Prout.	1.00
8.	VIOLIN. By Tours.	1.00
9.	MUSICAL TERMS. By Stainer.	50
10.	COMPOSITION. By Stainer.	1.00

LIGHT AND LIFE.

A new Sunday School Song Book. By R. M. McINTOSH. Price 35 cents. Liberal reduction for quantities.

"Light and Life to all he brings,
Risen with healing on His wings.
Hail, thou heaven-born Prince of Peace!
Hail, thou Son of Righteousness!"

From the attractive title to the last page, outside and inside, the whole book is full of Life, and full of Light. Send stamps for specimen copy Specimen pages free.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.
J. E. DITSON & CO.
1228 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

BUGGIES for Dealers' Medium Work; Low Prices. **UNION CARRIAGE M'F'G CO.,** Cincinnati, O. Catalogue FREE.

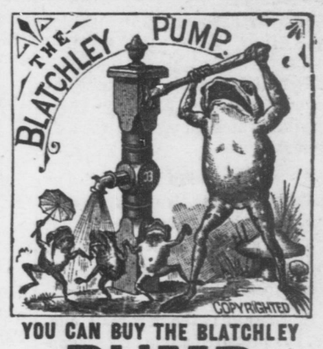
SMITH'S PAT. BLIND AND SHUTTER BOWER.

Shutters can be placed 2, 3, 4, 5 or six inches apart and held securely in their position. Agents wanted in every county. Can make big wages Summer and Fall. The best and handsomest thing out. Sells at every house. write for particulars. Samples by mail for 6 cents postage. Address SMITH & CO., **304 Master Street, Philadelphia Pa.**

FOR INFORMATION UPON MINERAL, TIMBER and Farming Lands in Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia, send for *Southern Land Advertiser.* HIRAM WOODS & CO., 41 Lexington Street, Baltimore, Md.

CARPENTER'S POCKET COMPANION, $1. Descriptive Circulars Free. Address THOS. MOLONEY, Jackson, Michigan.

Send Five Dollars, with statement of disease, to **Doctor NIXON, Nixonville, Ala.,** and get relief.



YOU CAN BUY THE BLATCHLEY
PUMP

Unlined, or with Copper, Porcelain, or Iron Linings. Each one stenciled with my name as manufacturer is warranted in material and construction. For sale by the best houses in the trade. If you do not know where to get this pump, write to me as below, and I will send name of agent nearest you, who will supply you at my lowest prices.

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer,
308 Market St., Philadelphia, Pa.

DR METTAUR'S

Dr. METTAUR'S HEADACHE PILLS cure most wonderfully in a very short time both SICK and NERVOUS HEADACHE; and while acting on the nervous system, cleanse the stomach of excess of bile, producing a regular healthy action of the bowels.

HEADACHE

A full size box of these valuable PILLS, with full directions for a complete cure, mailed to any address on receipt of nine three-cent postage stamps. For sale by all druggists at 25c. Sole Proprietors,

BROWN CHEMICAL COMPANY, Baltimore, Md.

PILLS

LARGE CLEAR TYPE! FINE WHITE PAPER! STRONG, HANDSOME BINDING!
50,000 Sold! The Anglo-American is the Popular Edition of the

REVISED NEW TESTAMENT

IT SELLS THE FASTEST!

1st. Because it is an exact reproduction—word for word, line for line, page for page—of the authorized version of Cambridge. The exact accuracy of our reprint is guaranteed by three of the most reliable printing houses in this country; besides which its accuracy is doubly guaranteed by the following distinguished Biblical scholars—C. H. TIFFANY, D.D., LL. D., Phila.; I. H. HALL, LL. B.; ROBT. LOWRY, D.D.

2d. Because it contains a complete history of this last and greatest combined movement of the best scholarship of the world to produce a faultless version of the Holy Scriptures, and gives very interesting biographical sketches of the eminent men engaged upon it.

Notice the testimony of leading divines! "We take pleasure in certifying to the accuracy of the Anglo-American edition. In typography, presswork and binding, it is every way commendable. Signed—A. F. Schauffler, D. D., N. Y.; John Peddie, D. D., N. Y.; C. H. Kimball, D. D., Phila." "I commend to my friends the Anglo-American edition.—J. P. Newman, D. D., LL. D., N. Y." "I cordially concur with Dr. Newman.—Wm. T. Sabine, D. D., N. Y." "I believe it to be a *perfect* reprint. It gives me pleasure